HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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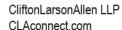
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hardee County, Florida (the "County", the "Board"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for each major fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and the related GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. As a result of the implementation of these standards, the County reported a restatement for the change in accounting principle (see Note 15.) Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress – other postemployment benefits and pension schedules on pages 4-15 and 71-76 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state projects is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and Chapter 10.550, Local Governmental Entity Audits, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Hardee County, Florida

The combining statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state projects are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 17, 2016 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida June 17, 2016

Hardee County Management hereby provides a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. This report provides comparative data for fiscal years 2014 and 2015.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Significant financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- Total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$63.0 million. Of this amount, \$65.5 million was invested in capital assets, net of related debt and \$7.1 million is restricted for various purposes. Unrestricted net deficit was \$9.6 million.
- The total net position was \$525 thousand higher than the previous years' net position.
- The County's total liabilities increased by \$4.7 million or 20.8% from the previous year.
- As of September 30, 2015, the combined total governmental funds' fund balance reflected a
 balance of \$14.9 million, a decrease of 7% from the previous year. Determining this balance
 was \$17.6 million in total governmental funds assets, less \$2.2 million in total governmental
 funds liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$554 thousand.
- The County's total unassigned fund balance was \$7.3 million.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements; fund financial statements; and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the four reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the county is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities distinguish between the functions that are supported by governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities are primarily supported by property taxes, charges for services, fuel taxes, sales taxes, and grants. Business-type activities are supported by charges to the users of those activities, such as water and sewer service charges and landfill tipping fees. The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, transportation, human services, culture and recreation, physical environment and economic environment. The business-type activities of the County include water, wastewater and solid waste.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

The *Governmental Fund Financial Statements* provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources. Governmental funds are used to account for the same functions as reported in the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Hardee County has fifteen governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Transportation Trust Fund, Fire Control Fund and Grants Fund. Data from the other governmental special revenue funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental special revenue funds is provided in the form of combining statements within the report. To demonstrate compliance with the Board's adopted budget, a budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund and other major governmental special revenue funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 19-26 of this report.

The **Proprietary Funds Financial Statements** provide information on all assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in the economic resources (revenues and expenses), and total economic resources. An enterprise fund is a type of proprietary fund. The County maintains three enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, and solid waste operations. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statement can be found on pages 27-31 of this report.

The *Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 32 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Those notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 33-70 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In our particular case, the County's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$62.9 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following schedule provides a summary of assets, liabilities and net position of the County.

HARDEE COUNTY'S NET POSITION

The largest portion of the County's net position (104 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets, (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that remain outstanding. These assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Overall, the County's net position increased by \$525 thousand.

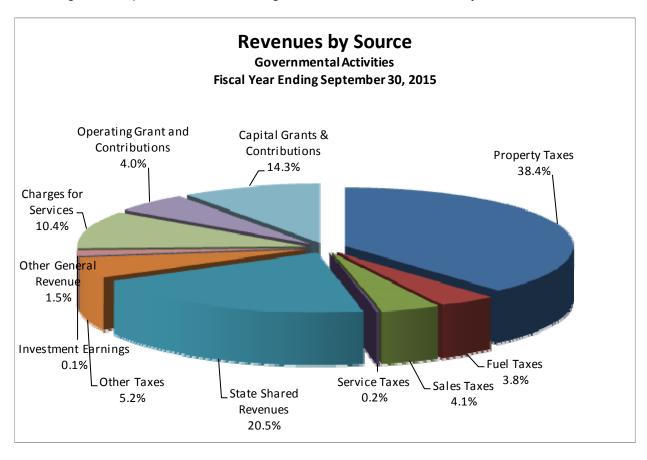
HARDEE COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total					
NET POSITION COMPARISON	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2015				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 17,973,802	\$ 17,018,011	\$ 4,959,356	\$ 4,519,129	\$ 22,933,158	\$ 21,537,140				
Capital Assets	48,499,504	48,915,608	19,396,794	19,894,997	67,896,298	68,810,605				
Total Assets	66,473,306	65,933,619	24,356,150	24,414,126	90,829,456	90,347,745				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,167,557	2,827,854	53,673	69,855	1,221,230	2,897,709				
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	9,476,469	14,592,822	11,053,821	10,971,194	20,530,290	25,564,016				
Other Liabilities	1,489,209	1,611,041	751,631	335,176	2,240,840	1,946,217				
Total Liabilities	10,965,678	16,203,863	11,805,452	11,306,370	22,771,130	27,510,233				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,528,901	2,708,490	307,644	59,064	6,836,545	2,767,554				
Net Position:										
Invested in Capital Assets										
Net of Related Debt	48,499,504	48,835,608	15,996,794	16,694,997	64,496,298	65,530,605				
Restricted	7,729,828	7,110,538	-	-	7,729,828	7,110,538				
Unrestricted	(6,083,048)	(6,097,026)	(3,700,067)	(3,576,450)	(9,783,115)	(9,673,476)				
Total Net Position	\$ 50,146,284	\$ 49,849,120	\$ 12,296,727	\$ 13,118,547	\$ 62,443,011	\$ 62,967,667				

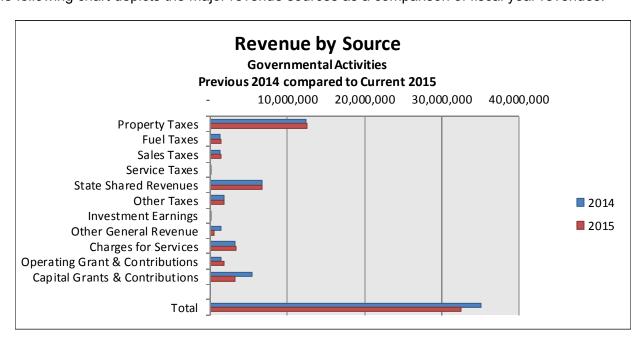
HARDEE COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total					
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2014	FY 2015				
REVENUES			·							
Program Revenues:										
Charges for Services	\$ 3,246,227	\$ 3,378,341	\$ 1,433,912	\$ 1,538,521	\$ 4,680,139	\$ 4,916,862				
Operating Grants and			, , ,	, , ,	. , ,					
Contributions	1,391,941	1,752,903	107,296	107,279	1,499,237	1,860,182				
Capital Grants and Contributions	5,400,665	3,187,465	-	-	5,400,665	3,187,465				
General Revenues:										
Property Taxes	12,464,345	12,487,590	-	-	12,464,345	12,487,590				
Other Taxes	11,204,442	11,200,872	1,264,385	1,916,999	12,468,827	13,117,871				
Other	1,355,048	536,823	20,647	569,651	1,375,695	1,106,474				
Total Revenues	35,062,668	32,543,994	2,826,240	4,132,450	37,888,908	36,676,444				
EXPENSES										
General Government	8,875,626	8,558,861	_	_	8,875,626	8,558,861				
Public Safety	13,494,884	13,353,228	_	_	13,494,884	13,353,228				
Physical Environment	250,687	204.653	_	_	250.687	204,653				
Transportation	7,795,034	7,808,361	_	_	7,795,034	7,808,361				
Economic Environment	355,980	612,404	_	_	355,980	612,404				
Human Services	1,020,416	1,028,974	_	-	1,020,416	1,028,974				
Culture and Recreation	1,160,323	1,343,087	_	_	1,160,323	1,343,087				
Debt Service:	, ,									
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Other Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Solid Waste	-	-	2,265,169	1,839,326	2,265,169	1,839,326				
Wauchula Hills Wastewater	-	-	1,288,928	1,303,557	1,288,928	1,303,557				
Solid Waste Landfill Closure	-	-	-	-						
Vandolah Wastewater			97,429	99,337	97,429	99,337				
Total Expenses	32,952,950	32,909,568	3,651,526	3,242,220	36,604,476	36,151,788				
Excess before Transfers	2,109,718	(365,574)	(825,286)	890,230	1,284,432	524,656				
Transfers	217,605	68,410	(217,605)	(68,410)	1,204,432	324,030				
Changes in Net Position	2,327,323	(297,164)	(1,042,891)	821,820	1,284,432	524,656				
Onlanges in Net 1 Osition	2,027,020	(237,104)	(1,042,001)	021,020	1,204,402	324,030				
Net Position - Beginning										
as Previously Stated	59,377,894	63,028,770	13,920,656	12,877,765	73,298,550	75,906,535				
Prior Period Restatement	1,323,553	(12,882,486)		(581,038)	1,323,553	(13,463,524)				
Net Position - Beginning										
as Restated	60,701,447	50,146,284	13,920,656	12,296,727	74,622,103	62,443,011				
Net Position - Ending	\$ 63,028,770	\$ 49,849,120	\$ 12,877,765	\$ 13,118,547	\$ 75,906,535	\$ 62,967,667				

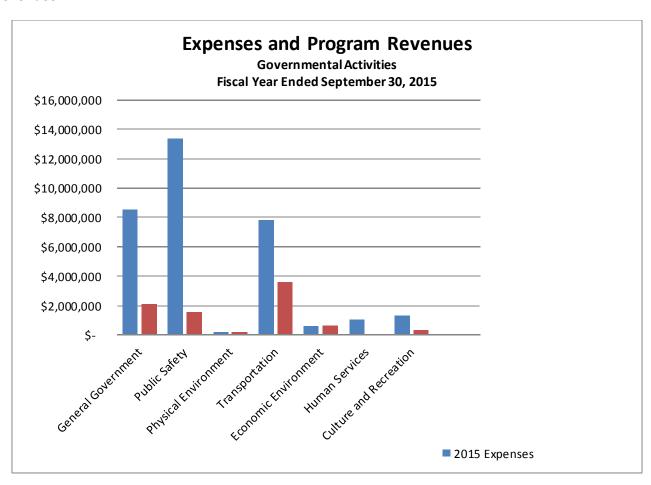
The following chart depicts revenues of the governmental activities for the year.



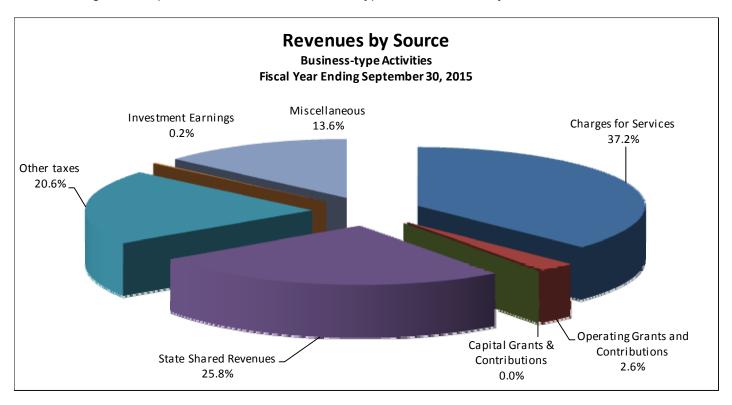
The following chart depicts the major revenue sources as a comparison of fiscal year revenues.



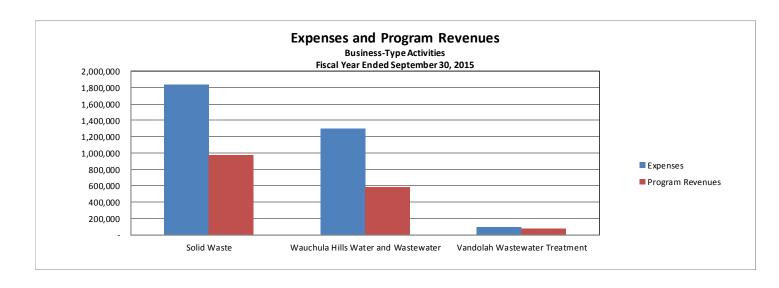
The following chart depicts governmental activity expenses compared to program revenue (e.g., charges for services, operating grants and contributions), which funded those activities for the fiscal year; the amounts not funded by program revenues were funded by general revenues (e.g., property taxes, state shared revenue, etc.). Capital Grants and Contributions are not included in Program Revenues.



The following chart depicts revenues of the business-type activities for the year:



The following chart depicts business-type activities expenses compared to program revenue (e.g., charges for services, operating grants and contributions), which funded those activities for the fiscal year.



An analysis of the County's "Changes in Net Position" reflects that the overall revenues have decreased by \$1.2 million. Further analysis shows that the overall decrease is attributed to a \$2.5 million decrease in governmental type activities and a \$1.3 million increase in business-type activities. Major factors contributing to the decreased revenues in the government type activities are as follows:

- A \$132 thousand increase in Charges for Services
- A \$361 thousand increase in Operating Grants
- A \$2.2 million decrease in Capital Grants
- A \$23 thousand increase in Property Taxes
- A \$3 thousand decrease in Other Taxes
- A \$818 thousand decrease in Other Sources

The changes in revenues in the business-type activities are as follows:

- A \$105 thousand increase in Charges for Services
- A \$653 thousand increase in Other Taxes
- A \$549 thousand increase in Other Sources

County expenses illustrate an overall decrease of \$453 thousand. The overall decrease was due to a decrease in government type activities of \$43 thousand and a decrease in the business-type activities of \$409 thousand. The decrease of the government type activities expenses are due to the following activities below:

- A \$317 thousand decrease in General Government
- A \$142 thousand decrease in Public Safety
- A \$46 thousand decrease in Physical Environment
- A \$13 thousand increase in Transportation
- A \$256 thousand increase in Economic Environment
- A \$9 thousand increase in Human Services
- A \$183 thousand increase in Culture and Recreation

The decrease in expenses of the business-type activities was reflective of the following:

- A \$426 thousand decrease in Solid Waste
- A \$14 thousand increase in Wauchula Hills Utilities
- A \$2 thousand increase in Vandolah Utilities

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of Hardee County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of accessible resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements; in particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the county's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14.9 million. Approximately \$5.5 million of the fund balance has been deemed nonspendable and restricted to Transportation, Fire Control and Grants, and \$1.4 million is nonspendable, restricted, committed and unassigned to other non-major governmental funds. Of the remaining \$8 million of spendable fund balance, \$8 million constitutes fund balances under the general fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$7.2 million, which represents 48% of the total fund balance in the governmental funds. Unassigned fund balances are those dollars which are available for spending at the government's discretion. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, the total general fund balance represents 42% of the total general fund expenditures.

Proprietary Funds

Hardee County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide business-type activities financial statements, but in more detail. Solid waste operating revenues increased only slightly for a total of \$20 thousand. Net position of the Solid Waste Department was a decrease of \$351 thousand. The water/wastewater operating revenues were a combined total increase of \$82 thousand and the net position increase a total of \$592 thousand.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budget and actual comparison schedules are provided in the Basic Financial Statements for the General fund and all major special revenue funds. Budget and actual comparison schedules are also provided in the Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules for all non-major funds with annually appropriated budgets. The budget and actual comparison schedules show the original adopted budgets, the final revised budget, actual results, and variance between the final budget and actual results for the general and major special revenue funds. After the original budget is approved, it may be revised for a variety of reasons such as unforeseen circumstances, new bond or loan proceeds, new grant awards, or other unanticipated revenues.

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for the General Fund were relatively minor.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's investments in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2015 were \$68.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation).

Hardee County's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	 Governmen	ital A	ctivities		Business-Ty	/pe A	Activities	 To	otal			
CAPITAL ASSETS	FY 2014		FY 2015		FY 2014		FY 2015	FY 2014		FY 2015		
Land	\$ 3,551,168	\$	3,539,202	\$	962,625	\$	962,625	\$ 4,513,793	\$	4,501,827		
Construction in Progress	228,976		307,079		2,917,992		1,526,973	3,146,968		1,834,052		
Buildings and Improvements	13,811,001		13,754,706		7,991,896		7,911,155	21,802,897		21,665,861		
Machinery and Equipment	4,567,026		5,032,515		429,722		477,717	4,996,748		5,510,232		
Infrastructure	 26,341,333		26,282,106		7,094,559		9,016,527	33,435,892		35,298,633		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 48,499,504	\$	48,915,608	\$	19,396,794	\$	19,894,997	\$ 67,896,298	\$	68,810,605		

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements.

DEBT MANAGEMENT

As of September 30, 2015, the County had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$25.6 million. Of this amount, \$3.3 million is notes payable, \$758 thousand is compensated absences, \$12.8 million is net pension liability, and \$7.3 million is landfill closure and post closure obligations and postemployment health care consisted of \$1.4 million.

Hardee County's Outstanding Debt

	 Governmen	tal A	Activities		Business-Ty	/pe /	Activities	Total				
	FY 2014		FY 2015		FY 2014		FY 2015		FY 2014		FY 2015	
Notes Payable	\$ -	\$	80,000	\$	3,400,000	\$	3,200,000	\$	3,400,000	\$	3,280,000	
Postemployment Healthcare	1,227,923		1,350,142		58,077		63,858		1,286,000		1,414,000	
Net Pension Liability	7,521,142		12,421,504		327,067		348,306		7,848,209		12,769,810	
Compensated Absences	727,404		741,176		27,284		16,846		754,688		758,022	
Landfill Closure/Post Closure	-		-		7,241,393		7,342,184		7,241,393		7,342,184	
Total	\$ 9,476,469	\$	14,592,822	\$	11,053,821	\$	10,971,194	\$	20,530,290	\$	25,564,016	

The County's long-term liabilities under governmental activities increased \$5.1 million due to an increase in net pension liability of \$4.9 million, and an increase in postemployment healthcare of \$122 thousand. In business-type activities, long-term liabilities decreased \$83 thousand due to an increase of \$21 thousand in net pension liability, an increase of \$101 thousand in landfill closure and post closure obligations, a decrease in compensated absences of \$10 thousand, and a decrease in notes payable of \$200 thousand. Additional information on Hardee County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

Local, national and international economic factors influence the County's revenues. Positive economic growth is correlated with increased revenues from property taxes, sales taxes, charges for services as well as state and federal grants. Economic growth in the local economy may be measured by indicators such as employment growth, unemployment, new construction, assessed valuation, and tax base.

- As referenced from the United States Census, the total estimated population for Hardee County for 2015 is 27,645. As a comparison, the estimated population for Hardee County for 2014 was 27,469. This is an increase of less than 1%. This is also an indicator for the increase in revenues generated by property values.
- As referenced by the State of Florida Labor Force Summary, the unemployment rate for Hardee County for 2015 is 6.7% and reflects a decrease from the previous year's 7.4%. The County's rate is higher than the State of Florida's average of 4.7% and higher than the national average of 4.7% for 2015.
- The final taxable value for fiscal year 2015 decreased by 3.48% over fiscal year 2014.
- The millage rate for fiscal year 2014-2015 was set at the roll back rate and adopted at 8.8991 mills. This can be confusing, as the prior year's millage was 8.8280 mills but Truth in Millage requires that each county determine the adopted rate as a percent change from the roll back rate and as property values decrease, we will actually experience roll back rates that are higher than the previous year.

On January 29, 2008, the Florida electorate approved an amendment to the Florida Constitution relative to property taxation. This amendment (referred to as Amendment 1) was placed on the ballot by the Florida Legislature at a special session held in October 2007. With respect to homestead property, Amendment 1 increases the current \$25,000 homestead exemption by another \$25,000 (for property values between \$50,000 and \$75,000), except for school district taxes. Since the new \$25,000 homestead exemption does not apply to school district taxes, this effectively amounts to a \$15,000 increase to the existing homestead exemption, resulting in an estimated annual savings of \$240 for an average homeowner. Amendment 1 also allows property owners to transfer (make portable) up to \$500,000 of their Save Our Homes benefits to their next homestead when they move. Save Our Homes became effective in 1995 and limits (caps) the annual increase in assessed value for homestead property to three percent (3%) or the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less.

With respect to non-homestead property, Amendment 1 limits (caps) the annual increase in assessed value for non-homestead property (businesses, industrial property, rental property, second homes, etc.) to ten percent (10%), except for school district taxes. The Amendment also provides a \$25,000 exemption for tangible personal property.

Amendment 1 became effective on October 1, 2008, with the exception of the ten percent (10%) assessment cap on non-homestead property which became effective on January 1, 2009.

Based on information submitted to the State from the Hardee County Property Appraiser's office, the loss of property values for Hardee County from the additional homestead exemption and the \$25,000 exemption for tangible personal property was approximately \$71 million which equates to approximately \$608 thousand decrease in revenues. At present, there is no accurate way to determine the impact of the portability and assessment cap on non-homestead property provisions in terms of potential loss of property tax revenues.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Hardee County's finances. Questions concerning budgets, long-term financial planning, future debt issuances, or questions related to the management of the County operations should be addressed to the County Manager at:

County Commissioners Office 412 West Orange St., Rm. 103 Wauchula, FL 33873

If you have questions concerning the Basic Financial Statements or other accounting information in this report, please contact the Clerk of Courts at:

Clerk of Courts P. O. Drawer 1749 Wauchula, FL 33873

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	ı	Primary Governmen	nt	
	Governmental	Business-Type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 13,182,397	\$ 3,190,630	\$ 16,373,027	\$ 7,262,727
Deposit	10,068	3,596	13,664	-
Accounts Receivable, Net	530,834	145,959	676,793	127,661
Internal Balances	(30,489)	30,489	-	-
Due from Other Governmental Agencies	2,480,999	186,630	2,667,629	1,023,090
Prepaid Expenses	504,955	-	504,955	44,878
Inventory	339,247	-	339,247	1,325,508
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	961,825	961,825	-
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	3,846,281	2,489,598	6,335,879	1,720,200
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	45,069,327	17,405,399	62,474,726	11,370,289
Total Assets	65,933,619	24,414,126	90,347,745	22,874,353
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Related Items	2,827,854	69,855	2,897,709	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,827,854	69,855	2,897,709	-
LIABILITIES	, ,	·		
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	1,318,100	294,804	1,612,904	277,215
Unearned Revenue	211,321	951	212,272	108,946
Due to Other Governmental Agencies	81,620	3,850	85,470	100,540
Deposits	01,020	35,571	35,571	_
Net Pension Liability	12,421,504	348,306	12,769,810	_
Noncurrent Liabilities:	12, 121,001	010,000	12,700,010	
Due within One Year	415,533	571,443	986,976	5,066
Due in More than One Year	1,755,785	10,051,445	11,807,230	3,943
Total Liabilities	16,203,863	11,306,370	27,510,233	395,170
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension Related Items	2,708,490	59,064	2,767,554	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,708,490	59,064	2,767,554	
	2,700,490	39,004	2,707,334	_
NET POSITION	40.005.000	40.004.00	05 500 005	10 001 100
Net Investment in Capital Assets	48,835,608	16,694,997	65,530,605	13,081,480
Restricted for:	0.004.400		0.004.400	
Transportation	2,964,429	-	2,964,429	-
Fire Control	2,863,918	-	2,863,918	-
Grants	130,437	-	130,437	-
Court Innovations	366,953	-	366,953	-
Law Enforcement Trust	97,867 139,660	-	97,867	-
E-911	•	-	139,660	-
Court	2,387	-	2,387	-
Court Technology	7.065	-	- 7.065	-
Court Technology Official Records	7,065	-	7,065	-
Clerk Operational Needs	131,660 223,319	-	131,660 223,319	-
Inmate Welfare		-	135,529	-
Economic Development Projects	135,529	-	135,529	7 221 906
	- 40 120	-	40 120	7,331,806
Education Total Restricted Net Position	40,120		40,120 7,110,538	7 221 006
	7,110,538	-		7,331,806
Unrestricted	(6,097,026)	(3,576,450)	(9,673,476)	2,065,897
Total Net Position	\$ 49,849,120	\$ 13,118,547	\$ 62,967,667	\$ 22,479,183

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				Progr	am Revenues	;		N	Net (Expense) R						
			Charges for		Operating Grants and	(Capital Grants and	C	Sovernmental	Bu	siness-Type			С	omponent
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Co	Contributions Contributi		ontributions	Activities		Activities		Total		Unit	
Primary Government															
Governmental Activities:															
General Government	\$	8,558,861	\$ 1,914,762	\$	144,718	\$	-	\$	(6,499,381)	\$	-	\$	(6,499,381)	\$	-
Public Safety		13,353,228	991,191		561,586		-		(11,800,451)		-		(11,800,451)		-
Physical Environment		204,653	206,750		-		-		2,097		-		2,097		-
Transportation		7,808,361	2,800		365,838		3,176,011		(4,263,712)		-		(4,263,712)		-
Economic Environment		612,404	-		609,460		11,454		8,510		-		8,510		-
Economic Development		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Human Services		1,028,974	-		-		-		(1,028,974)		-		(1,028,974)		-
Culture and Recreation		1,343,087	 262,838		71,301				(1,008,948)				(1,008,948)		
Total Governmental Activities		32,909,568	3,378,341		1,752,903		3,187,465		(24,590,859)		-		(24,590,859)		-

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			Program Revenue	s		Net (Expense) R	evenue and Change	es in Net Position	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Business-Type Activities:									
Solid Waste Wauchula Hills Water	1,839,326	871,593	107,279		-	-	(860,454)	(860,454)	-
and Wastewater	1,303,557	584,802	_		-	_	(718,755)	(718,755)	-
Vandolah Wastewater Treatment	99,337	82,126	-		-	-	(17,211)	(17,211)	-
Total Business-Type									
Activities	3,242,220	1,538,521	107,279		-		(1,596,420)	(1,596,420)	_
Total Primary Government	\$ 36,151,788	\$ 4,916,862	\$ 1,860,182	\$	3,187,465	(24,590,859)	(1,596,420)	(26,187,279)	-
Component Unit: Hardee County Industrial									
Development Authority	\$ 1,759,232	\$ 204,805	\$ 1,074,479	\$	2,674,069				2,194,121
		General Revenues	S						
		Property Taxes				12,487,590	_	12,487,590	_
		Fuel Taxes				1,315,511	_	1,315,511	_
		Sales Tax				1,335,076	-	1,335,076	-
		Service Taxes				74,905	-	74,905	-
		State Shared Re	venues			6,676,915	1,066,852	7,743,767	-
		Other Taxes				1,798,465	850,147	2,648,612	-
		Mosaic Income				-	-	-	3,500,000
		Investment Earn	ings			38,402	9,422	47,824	8,743
		Miscellaneous				498,421	560,229	1,058,650	1,340
		Transfers				68,410	(68,410)		
			Revenues and Tra	ansfe	rs	24,293,695	2,418,240	26,711,935	3,510,083
		Change in Net Po	sition			(297,164)	821,820	524,656	5,704,204
		Net Position - Beg	jinning			63,028,770	12,877,765	75,906,535	16,774,979
		Prior Period Resta	atement			(12,882,486)	(581,038)	(13,463,524)	
		Net Assets - Begin	nning, As Restated			50,146,284	12,296,727	62,443,011	16,774,979
		Net Position - End	ling			\$ 49,849,120	\$ 13,118,547	\$ 62,967,667	\$ 22,479,183

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				Ma	ajor				1	Non-Major		
			Fire									Total
		General	Transportation Control				Go	overnmental	G	overnmental		
		Fund	Trust		Fund		Grants		Funds			Funds
ASSETS												
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,861,639	\$	1,511,494	\$	2,434,866	\$	676,033	\$	1,698,365	\$	13,182,397
Deposits		5,753		4,315		-		-		-		10,068
Accounts Receivable, Net		520,696		102		1,872		-		8,164		530,834
Due from Other Funds		487,705		13,560		1,581		1,900		71,469		576,215
Due from Other Governments		579,811		1,632,623		1,899		240,362		26,304		2,480,999
Prepaid Expenses		502,568		-		-		-		2,387		504,955
Inventory of Supplies, at Cost		339,247					•					339,247
Total Assets	\$	9,297,419	\$	3,162,094	\$	2,440,218	\$	918,295	\$	1,806,689	\$	17,624,715

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				Ma	ajor					Non-Major		
						Fire				Other		Total
		General	Tra	ansportation		Control			Go	overnmental	G	overnmental
		Fund		Trust		Fund		Grants		Funds		Funds
LIABILITIES												
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	807,783	\$	125,723	\$	76,704	\$	20,832	\$	287,058	\$	1,318,100
Due to Other Funds		27,301		71,860		-		445,517		62,026		606,704
Due to Other Governments		17,088		-		360		1		64,171		81,620
Unearned Revenue				_				199,971		11,350		211,321
Total Liabilities		852,172		197,583		77,064		666,321		424,605		2,217,745
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Unavailable Revenue	\$	424,252	\$	82	\$	-	\$	121,537	\$	8,154	\$	554,025
FUND BALANCE												
Nonspendable		841,815		-		-		_		2,387		844,202
Restricted		7,194		2,964,429		2,363,154		130,437		1,142,173		6,607,387
Committed		-		-		-		-		148,417		148,417
Unassigned		7,171,986		_		-		_		80,953		7,252,939
Total Fund Balances		8,020,995		2,964,429		2,363,154		130,437		1,373,930		14,852,945
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	9,297,419	\$	3,162,094	\$	2,440,218	\$	918,295	\$	1,806,689		
Amounts reported for governmental activitie	s in th	ne statement	of ne	t position								
are different because:												
Capital assets used in governmental activities	are n	ot financial re	sourc	es and, theref	ore,							
are not reported in the funds.												48,915,608
Certain receivables are not available to pay co	urrent	period expend	diture	s, and therefo	re are	reported						
as deferred inflows of resources in the funds												554,025
The County's net pension liability and related	deferr	ed outflows ar	nd inf	lows of resour	ces fo	or government	al					
activities are recorded only on the Statemen	of Ne	et Position										(12,302,140)
Long-term liabilities, including notes payable,	post e	employment he	ealtho	care								
and accrued compensated absences are no	due a	and payable in	the	current period	and,							
therefore, are not reported in the funds.												(2,171,318)
Net Position of Governmental Activities											\$	49,849,120

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				ajor				N	Non-Major		
	eneral Fund	Tra	ansportation Trust Fund	Trust Fire		Grants		Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$ 13,897,571	\$	1,315,511	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15,213,082
Licenses and Permits	182,148		-		-		-		-		182,148
Intergovernmental	3,768,625		6,146,058		-		613,039		645,593		11,173,315
Charges for Services	1,654,246		110,747		23,039		-		1,214,599		3,002,631
Fines and Forfeitures	6,202		-		-		-		249,095		255,297
Assessments	-		-		1,798,465		-		-		1,798,465
Interest	19,880		4,785		5,474		1,058		2,302		33,499
Miscellaneous	231,745		391,750		17,377		29,611		137,952		808,435
Total Revenues	 19,760,417		7,968,851		1,844,355	·	643,708		2,249,541		32,466,872
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government	6,390,463		-		-		-		1,436,289		7,826,752
Public Safety	10,140,723		-		2,327,949		-		518,092		12,986,764
Physical Environment	39,682		-		-		1,182		166,578		207,442
Transportation	-		3,650,967		-		-		-		3,650,967
Economic Environment	-		-		-		611,435		-		611,435
Human Services	834,486		-		-		171,363		-		1,005,849
Culture and Recreation	1,072,263		-		-		-		89,196		1,161,459
Capital Outlay	734,234		4,568,312		507,978		299,655		209,180		6,319,359
Debt Service:											
Principal Retirement	-		20,000		-						20,000
Total Expenditures	19,211,851		8,239,279		2,835,927		1,083,635		2,419,335		33,790,027
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES											
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	548,566		(270,428)		(991,572)		(439,927)		(169,794)		(1,323,155)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in	329,494		36,325		650,166		7,875		196,234		1,220,094
Transfers out	(855,271)		-		(100,205)		(135,037)		(61,171)		(1,151,684)
Debt Service	-		100,000		-		-		-		100,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(525,777)		136,325		549,961		(127,162)		135,063		168,410
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	22,789		(134,103)		(441,611)		(567,089)		(34,731)		(1,154,745)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	7,998,206		3,098,532		2,804,765		697,526		1,408,661		16,007,690
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,020,995	\$	2,964,429	\$	2,363,154	\$	130,437	\$	1,373,930	\$	14,852,945

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,154,745)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$6,319,359) exceeded depreciation and loss on disposal of asset (\$5,903,255) in the current period.	416,104
Some revenues reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in governmental funds (Unavailable revenue).	77,122
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds (a change in accrued interest, accrued compensated absences,	

444,355

(297,164)

pension expense, note payable and other postemployment benefits).

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				Variance with Final Budget -
		I Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 14,061,106	\$ 14,061,106	\$ 13,897,571	\$ (163,535)
Licenses and Permits	134,700	134,700	182,148	47,448
Intergovernmental	3,173,693	3,312,354	3,768,625	456,271
Charges for Services	886,197	896,834	1,654,246	757,412
Fines and Forfeitures	7,150	7,150	6,202	(948)
Interest	17,920	17,920	19,880	1,960
Miscellaneous	173,752	194,828	231,745	36,917
Total Revenues	18,454,518	18,624,892	19,760,417	1,135,525
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	7,868,584	7,938,666	6,390,463	1,548,203
Public Safety	10,461,575	10,487,614	10,140,723	346,891
Physical Environment	41,833	119,880	39,682	80,198
Human Services	871,160	881,903	834,486	47,417
Culture and Recreation	1,110,440	1,195,780	1,072,263	123,517
Capital Outlay	258,400	408,696	734,234	(325,538)
Other Expense	1,681,753	1,831,753	-	1,831,753
Total Expenditures	22,293,745	22,864,292	19,211,851	3,652,441
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,839,227)	(4,239,400)	548,566	4,787,966
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	336,747	336,920	329,494	(7,426)
Transfers Out	(852,108)	(852,108)	(855,271)	(3,163)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(515,361)	(515,188)	(525,777)	(10,589)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,354,588)	(4,754,588)	22,789	4,777,377
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	4,354,588	4,754,588	7,998,206	3,243,618
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,020,995	\$ 8,020,995

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – TRANSPORTATION TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				Variance with
	Budgeted	d Amounts		Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 1,179,011	\$ 1,179,011	\$ 1,315,511	\$ 136,500
Intergovernmental	3,631,648	6,130,285	6,146,058	15,773
Charges for Services	72,700	96,700	110,747	14,047
Interest	2,156	2,156	4,785	2,629
Miscellaneous	130,000	130,000	391,750	261,750
Total Revenues	5,015,515	7,538,152	7,968,851	430,699
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Transportation	4,561,332	4,554,132	3,650,967	903,165
Capital Outlay	2,037,411	4,547,248	4,568,312	(21,064)
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	-	20,000	20,000	-
Other Expense	1,291,055	1,291,055		1,291,055
Total Expenditures	7,889,798	10,412,435	8,239,279	2,173,156
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(2,874,283)	(2,874,283)	(270,428)	2,603,855
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	67,500	67,500	36,325	(31,175)
Debt Service			100,000	100,000
Total Other Financing Sources	67,500	67,500	136,325	68,825
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,806,783)	(2,806,783)	(134,103)	2,672,680
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	2,806,783	2,806,783	3,098,532	291,749
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,964,429	\$ 2,964,429

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – FIRE CONTROL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 23,039	\$ (4,961)
Assessments	1,717,400	1,717,400	1,798,465	81,065
Interest	6,300	6,300	5,474	(826)
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	17,377	16,377
Total Revenues	1,752,700	1,752,700	1,844,355	91,655
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Safety	2,468,305	2,459,795	2,327,949	131,846
Capital Outlay	-	8,510	507,978	(499,468)
Other Expense	1,811,748	1,811,748		1,811,748
Total Expenditures	4,280,053	4,280,053	2,835,927	1,444,126
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES				
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(2,527,353)	(2,527,353)	(991,572)	1,535,781
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	651,699	651,699	650,166	(1,533)
Transfers out	(100,205)	(100,205)	(100,205)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	551,494	551,494	549,961	(1,533)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,975,859)	(1,975,859)	(441,611)	1,534,248
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,975,859	1,975,859	2,804,765	828,906
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 2,363,154	\$ 2,363,154

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GRANTS FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 957,355	\$ 1,543,974	\$ 613,039	\$ (930,935)
Interest	1,000	1,000	1,058	58
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	29,611	19,611
Total Revenues	968,355	1,554,974	643,708	(911,266)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Economic Environment	619,714	1,173,107	611,435	561,672
Physical Environment	-	1,347	1,182	165
Human Services	164,375	171,568	171,363	205
Capital Outlay	500,000	710,584	299,655	410,929
Total Expenditures	1,284,089	2,056,606	1,083,635	972,971
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	(315,734)	(501,632)	(439,927)	61,705
OTHER FINANCING USES				
Transfers in	7,875	7,875	7,875	_
Transfers out	(422,141)	(215,972)	(135,037)	80,935
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(414,266)	(208,097)	(127,162)	80,935
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(730,000)	(709,729)	(567,089)	142,640
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	730,000	709,729	697,526	(12,203)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,437	\$ 130,437

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
ASSETS	Solid Waste Fund	Wauchula Hills Water/ Wastewater Treatment Fund	Vandolah Wastewater Treatment (Non-Major Fund)	Total Enterprise Funds			
CURRENT ASSETS Cash Deposits Accounts Receivable, Net Due from Other Funds Due from Other Governmental Agencies Total Current Assets	\$ 1,935,938 - 71,576 1,582 - 2,009,096	\$ 1,051,393 3,596 74,305 28,907 186,630 1,344,831	\$ 203,299 - 78 - 203,377	\$ 3,190,630 3,596 145,959 30,489 186,630 3,557,304			
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Capital Assets:	961,825	-	-	961,825			
Land	372,775	424,850	165,000	962,625			
Construction in Progress	-	1,526,973	-	1,526,973			
Buildings and Improvements	2,902,881	5,797,258	1,184,598	9,884,737			
Equipment	1,707,129	482,317	8,961	2,198,407			
Infrastructure	7,141,383	9,404,704	(204.402)	16,546,087			
Less: Accumulated Depreciation Total Capital Assets (Net of	(6,166,393)	(4,756,246)	(301,193)	(11,223,832)			
Accumulated Depreciation)	5,957,775	12,879,856	1,057,366	19,894,997			
Total Noncurrent Assets	6,919,600	12,879,856	1,057,366	20,856,822			
Total Assets	8,928,696	14,224,687	1,260,743	24,414,126			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	32,859	31,446	5,550	69,855			

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
LIABILITIES		Solid Waste Fund	W	Vauchula Hills Water/ 'astewater 'reatment Fund	V	Vandolah Vastewater Freatment Non-Major Fund)	E	Total interprise Funds
CURRENT LIABILITIES, PAYABLE FROM								
CURRENT ASSETS								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	55,836	\$	236,083	\$	2,885	\$	294,804
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		3,850		-		-		3,850
Deposits Unearned Revenue		17,079		18,492 951		-		35,571 951
Accrued Compensated Absences,		-		951		-		951
Current Portion		9,631		_		_		9,631
Notes Payable, Current Portion		200,000		-		-		200,000
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs,								
Current Portion		361,812						361,812
Total Current Liabilities, Payable from Current Assets		648,208		255,526		2,885		906,619
		040,200		200,020		2,000		900,019
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accrued Compensated Absences		7,215		-		-		7,215
Other Postemployment Benefits Net Pension Liability		31,929 161,264		27,459 158,983		4,470 28,059		63,858 348,306
Notes Payable, Less Current Portion		3,000,000		150,965		20,059		3,000,000
Landfill Closure and Postclosure Costs		6,980,372		_		_		6,980,372
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		10,180,780		186,442		32,529		10,399,751
Total Liabilities		10,828,988		441,968		35,414		11,306,370
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		28,271		26,174		4,619		59,064
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets		2,757,775		12,879,856		1,057,366		16,694,997
Unrestricted		(4,653,479)		908,135		168,894		(3,576,450)
Total Net Position	\$	(1,895,704)	\$	13,787,991	\$	1,226,260	\$	13,118,547

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
		Wauchula	Vandolah	_				
		Hills Water/	Wastewater					
	Solid	Wastewater	Treatment	Total				
	Waste	Treatment	(Non-Major	Enterprise				
	Fund	Fund	Fund)	Funds				
OPERATING REVENUES Sales and Charges for Services	\$ 871,593	\$ 584,802	\$ 82,126	\$ 1,538,521				
Special Assessments	850,147			850,147				
Total Operating Revenues	1,721,740	584,802	82,126	2,388,668				
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Personal Services	185,150	248,496	47,133	480,779				
General and Administrative	1,050,123	333,503	27,590	1,411,216				
Depreciation	559,350	721,558	24,614	1,305,522				
Total Operating Expenses	1,794,623	1,303,557	99,337	3,197,517				
OPERATING LOSS	(72,883)	(718,755)	(17,211)	(808,849)				
NONOPERATING REVENUES								
(EXPENSES)								
Intergovernmental	107,279	1,066,852	_	1,174,131				
Interest Income	6,602	2,340	480	9,422				
Interest Expense	(44,703)	-	-	(44,703)				
Miscellaneous Revenue	4,562	555,667	-	560,229				
Total Nonoperating Revenues								
(Expenses), Net	73,740	1,624,859	480	1,699,079				
LOSS BEFORE TRANSFERS	857	906,104	(16,731)	890,230				
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS								
Transfers in	2,674	134,873	-	137,547				
Transfers out	(67,477)	(130,911)	(7,569)	(205,957)				
Total Transfers	(64,803)	3,962	(7,569)	(68,410)				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(63,946)	910,066	(24,300)	821,820				
Not Desition Regioning of Veer								
Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Previously Stated	(1,544,418)	13,130,447	1,291,736	12,877,765				
Prior Period Restatement	(287,340)	(252,522)	(41,176)	(581,038)				
Net Position - Beginning of Year,	(201,340)	(202,022)	(41,170)	(301,030)				
as Restated	(1,831,758)	12,877,925	1,250,560	12,296,727				
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ (1,895,704)	\$ 13,787,991	\$ 1,226,260	\$ 13,118,547				

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Solid Waste Fund	Wauchula Hills Water/ Wastewater Treatment Fund	Vandolah Wastewater Treatment (Non-Major Fund)	Total Enterprise Funds				
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 1,718,570	\$ 541,203	\$ 81,939	\$ 2,341,712				
Cash Paid to Employees for Services	(323,362)	(344,821)	(56,711)	(724,894)				
Cash Paid to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(1,560,610)	(260,345)	(31,568)	(1,852,523)				
Net Cash Used by	(40= 400)	(00.000)	(0.040)	(005 505)				
Operating Activities	(165,402)	(63,963)	(6,340)	(235,705)				
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Other Nonoperating Revenue	111,841	555,667	-	667,508				
Transfers In (Out)	(64,803)	3,962	(7,569)	(68,410)				
Net Cash Provided (Used) by								
Noncapital Financing Activities	47,038	559,629	(7,569)	599,098				
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Capital Grant Receipts	-	869,448	_	869,448				
Shared Revenue from State	-	197,404	-	197,404				
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(116,283)	(1,687,442)	-	(1,803,725)				
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt	(200,000)	-	-	(200,000)				
Interest Paid	(44,703)			(44,703)				
Net Cash Used by Capital								
and Related Financing Activities	(360,986)	(620,590)	-	(981,576)				
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest from Investments	6,602	2,340	480	9,422				
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	6,602	2,340	480	9,422				
NET DECREASE IN CASH								
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(472,748)	(122,584)	(13,429)	(608,761)				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	3,370,511	1,173,977	216,728	4,761,216				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 2,897,763	\$ 1,051,393	\$ 203,299	\$ 4,152,455				

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	Solid Waste Fund		Wauchula Hills Water/ Wastewater Treatment Fund		Vandolah Wastewater Treatment (Non-Major Fund)		Tot	al Enterprise Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Operating Loss	\$	(72,883)	\$	(718,755)	\$	(17,211)	\$	(808,849)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:								
Depreciation		559,350		721,558		24,614		1,305,522
Amortization of Pension Related Items		(130,664)		(98,811)		(14,048)		(243,523)
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:								
Accounts Receivable		(3,243)		(15,643)		-		(18,886)
Due from Other Governments		-		(120,814)		-		(120,814)
Due from Other Funds		73		(28,907)		-		(28,834)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		(610,963)		193,056		(3,978)		(421,885)
Due to Other Government Agencies		(315)		-		-		(315)
Deposits		-		916		-		916
Unearned Revenue		-		951		(187)		764
Accrued Compensated Absences		(10,438)		-		-		(10,438)
Other Postemployment Benefits Landfill Closure and		2,890		2,486		4,470		9,846
Postclosure Costs		100,791						100,791
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(165,402)	\$	(63,963)	\$	(6,340)	\$	(235,705)
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION								
Current Assets:	Φ.	1 025 020	c	1.054.202	æ	202.200	æ	2 400 020
Cash Noncurrent Assets:	\$	1,935,938	\$	1,051,393	\$	203,299	\$	3,190,630
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		961,825						961,825
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,897,763	\$	1.051.393	\$	203.299	\$	4.152.455
Total Odoli dila Odoli Equivalorità	Ψ	_,007,700	Ψ	1,001,000	Ψ	200,200	Ψ	r, 102, 700

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Agency Funds
ASSETS Cash Due from Individuals	\$	466,353 35,504
Total Assets	\$	501,857
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$	158,746
Vouchers Payable Due to Other Governments	Ψ	1,261 124,495 176
Due to Indigent Health Care Special District Deposit - Installment Taxes		217,179
Total Liabilities	\$	501,857

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Hardee County (County) is a Non-Charter County established under the Constitution and laws of the State of Florida. The six offices elected county-wide are as follows: Board of County Commissioners composed of five members, Clerk of Circuit Court, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and Supervisor of Elections.

The Board of County Commissioners (Board), as the legislative body for the County, budgets and provides the funding used by the separate constitutional officers with the exception of fees collected by the Tax Collector, Property Appraiser, and Clerk of Circuit Court. The Clerk of Circuit Court maintains the accounting system for the Board's operations. The Clerk of Circuit Court (Clerk), Property Appraiser (Appraiser), Tax Collector (Collector), Sheriff, and Supervisor of Elections (Supervisor) each maintain their own accounting system. The operations of the Board and each constitutional officer have been combined in these financial statements.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that each unit of government define a governmental reporting entity. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the applicable fund types of Hardee County, Florida.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require that these financial statements include all entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable (component unit). The County is financially responsible if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (a) is able to impose its will on that organization or (b) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the County. The County may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the County regardless of whether the organization has (a) a separately elected governing board, (b) a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or (c) a jointly appointed board. If a component unit is, in substance, part of the government's operations, it should be reported as a blended component unit. Otherwise, a component unit should be discretely presented. Based on the criteria, the County management determined that the County has one discretely presented component unit.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Hardee County Industrial Development Authority (Authority), as authorized by Chapter 159.44-159.53 of the Florida Statues, was created for the purpose of financing and refinancing projects for the public purposes in the manner provided by the Florida Industrial Development Financing Act and by Chapter 159.44-159.53 of the Florida Statutes and for the purpose of fostering economic development of Hardee County.

The Authority is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government. The County entered into an agreement with a private entity which otherwise assumed to provide financial support to the Authority. Separate audited financial statements for the Hardee County Industrial Development Authority are available upon request at 107 East Main Street, Wauchula, Florida 33873.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounting principles of the County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances or equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. The fiduciary statement includes financial information for the agency fund. The agency fund of the County primarily represents assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals or governments.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; they reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues. Program revenues include charges for services, program specific operating grants and contributions, and program specific capital grants and contributions. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as other financing sources. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as expenditures.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The County chooses to eliminate the indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a "doubling-up" effect.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type (agency). Since these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Ambulance fees, intergovernmental revenues and interest earned associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as receivables in the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the County.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as other financing sources rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary Funds

The County's enterprise funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their statement of net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as grants, investment earnings and miscellaneous other revenues result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the fund financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the fund financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liabilities, rather than as an expense.

Basis of Presentation

GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of each fund category and the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The County has used GASB Statement No. 34 minimum criteria for major fund determination. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Governmental Major Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Transportation Trust Fund – The Transportation Trust Fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for the proceeds of local, state, and federal gas taxes used in the operation of the county's road and bridge department and equipment maintenance department.

Fire Control Fund – The Fire Control Fund, a special revenue fund, accounts for assessments related to providing county-wide fire protection services.

Grants Fund – The Grants Fund was established to account for all community development enhancement projects that are funded through various State, Federal and Volunteer funding agencies.

Proprietary Major Funds

Solid Waste Fund – The Solid Waste Fund accounts for the fees imposed on users of the Hardee County Landfill.

Wauchula Hills Water/Wastewater Treatment Fund – The Wauchula Hills Water/Wastewater Treatment fund accounts for the operations of the Wauchula Hills Water and Wastewater utilities.

Solid Waste Landfill Closure Fund – The Solid Waste Landfill Closure fund accounts for the closure and post-closure liability along with the restricted cash required by the Environmental Protection Agency.

Other Fund Types

Agency Fund – The Agency Fund accounts for all assets held by the County in its capacity as custodian or agent for individuals, other governmental units, and non-public organizations. The Agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

Noncurrent Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement No. 34 requires noncurrent governmental assets, such as land and buildings, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as general obligation bonds and capital leases, to be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County follows the procedures provided by Florida Statutes in establishing final budget balances reported on the financial statements.

 Budgets are prepared, public hearings are held, and original budgets are adopted annually for governmental fund types in accordance with procedures and time intervals prescribed by law.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

- Budgets are prepared for the governmental funds on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are based upon the final amended amounts.
- Appropriations lapse at year-end to the extent that they have not been expended.
 Budget appropriations may not be legally exceeded on a fund basis, which is the legal level of control.
- Final budget amounts reported are based upon the final amended budget.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is shown at its net realizable value and reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Due from/to Other Funds

Interfund transactions are accounted for in the following manner:

Transactions for services rendered are recorded as revenues in the receiving fund and as expenditures or expenses (as appropriate) in the disbursing fund. Transactions to reimburse a fund for expenditures made by it for the benefit of another fund are recorded as expenditures or expenses (as appropriate) in the disbursing fund and as a reduction of expenditures or expenses (as appropriate) in the receiving fund; and transactions to shift revenues from the fund budgeted to receive them to the fund budgeted to expend them are recorded as operating transfers in and out, respectively.

Operating transfers are reported in the "Other Financing Sources (Uses)" section in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and in the "Operating Transfers" section in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position. As of fiscal year end, any unpaid amounts related to these transactions are reported as due from/to other funds on the balance sheet.

Inventory of Supplies

Inventory shown in the General Fund consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and road materials valued at cost. Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory is accounted for using the consumption method.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets

Capital assets which include: property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, right-of-way, and sewer distribution systems and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the general, special revenue and capital projects funds at the time of purchase. Machinery and equipment is recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. Enterprise fund land, buildings, improvements, and equipment are valued at historical cost or at fair market value for those assets contributed.

The Board holds legal title for the capital assets used in the operations of the Board, Clerk, Appraiser, Supervisor and Tax Collector, and is accountable for them under Florida Law. Capital assets used by the Board's governmental funds are reported in the financial statements of the County. Capital assets of the Board's enterprise funds are reported in the Proprietary Funds financial statements.

Depreciation on capital assets is charged as an expense against operations which is closed to net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method as noted below.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements 10 - 50 Years Equipment 5 - 15 Years Infrastructure 10 - 50 Years

Property Taxes

Under the laws of the State of Florida, the assessment of all properties and the collection of all county, municipal and school board property taxes are consolidated in the offices of the County Property Appraiser and County Tax Collector. The laws of the state regulating tax assessments are also designed to assure a consistent property valuation method statewide. Florida Statues permit counties to levy property taxes at a rate of up to 10 mills for general operations. The tax levy rate for general operations of the County for the year ended September 30, 2015 was 8.8991 mills.

The tax levy of the County is established by the Board prior to October 1 of each year and the County Property Appraiser incorporates the County millage rate into the total tax levy, which includes the various municipalities, the County School Board, and other taxing authorities.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes (Continued)

All property is assessed according to its fair market value January 1 of each year. Each assessment roll is submitted to the Executive Director of the Florida Department of Revenue for review to determine if the rolls meet all of the appropriate requirements of Florida Statutes.

All taxes become payable on November 1 of each year or as soon thereafter as the assessment roll is certified and delivered to the County Tax Collector. All unpaid taxes become delinquent on April 1 following the year in which they are assessed. Discounts are allowed for early payment at the rate of 4 percent in the month of November, 3 percent in the month of December, 2 percent in the month of January and 1 percent in the month of February. Taxes paid in March are without discount.

On or prior to June 1 following the tax year, tax certificates are sold for all delinquent taxes on real property. After sale, tax certificates bear interest of 18 percent per year or at any lower rate bid by the buyer. Application for a tax deed on any unredeemed tax certificates may be made by the tax certificate holder after a period of two years. Unsold tax certificates are held by the County.

The County does not accrue its portion of the County held tax certificates because such amounts are not measurable and available as of the balance sheet date.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay

It is the County's policy to grant employees vacation and sick leave.

The County's employees accumulate sick and annual leave based on the number of years of continuous service. Upon termination of employment, employees can receive payment for certain sick and accumulated leave if they meet certain criteria. In governmental fund types, the cost of accumulated sick and annual leave is recognized when payments are made to employees. As accumulated sick and annual leave would not be liquidated with expendable available resources, a long-term liability of accrued sick and annual leave has been recorded in the government-wide statement of net position at September 30, 2015, representing the Board's commitment to fund such costs from future operations.

Restricted Assets

Certain funds of the County are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because the restriction is either imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or imposed externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Therefore, their use is limited by applicable laws and regulations.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the County because it is, at present, not necessary to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Landfill Closure and Post-closure Costs

The Board has obtained engineering estimates of future costs to close and monitor the current sanitary landfill site in accordance with state and federal guidelines. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency regulations and related Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 18 require that all municipal solid waste landfill owners account for closure and post-closure costs. A long-term liability of accrued landfill closure and post-closure costs at September 30, 2015 has been recorded in the Solid Waste Landfill Closure fund representing the Board's estimated liabilities for such costs based upon the estimated capacity used to date. At September 30, 2015, estimated capacity used was 51.95%. In addition, the Board has established a landfill escrow account in the Solid Waste Landfill Closure fund to fund estimated closure costs as required by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. At September 30, 2015, the Solid Waste Landfill Fund had unrestricted net position of (\$1,895,704) due to the partial closure to the landfill and because of a \$6,980,372 landfill closure and post-closure liability.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to government entities, requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

Based on GASB Statement No. 45 – *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, certain governmental entities are required to record actuarial accrued liabilities related to Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employees who retire from employment with the County under the County-sponsored pension plan are also entitled to participate in the County Group Health Plan on the same basis (i.e., single or family coverage) that they were covered immediately before their retirement, provided they make a satisfactory agreement for payment and pay 100 percent of the premium before the beginning of each month of coverage. The OPEB Plan currently covers certain eligible retirees of the County. The liabilities and expenses associated with the OPEB Plan have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Pensions

Cost Sharing Employer: In the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position, liabilities are recognized for the County's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) and additions to/deductions from FRS's and HIS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and HIS plans. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance and Spending Policy

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the Board classified fund balance in governmental funds as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts that can be spent for specific purposes because of charter requirements or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes.
 Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to grant funds awarded and passed by the Board, the County's highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the County's adopted policy, only the Board may assign amounts for specific purposes.
- Unassigned includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The Board has not formally adopted fund balance and spending policies to clearly define the process for tracking the various classifications of fund balance. When a fund expenditure is incurred, for which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available to be used, the Board will first use restricted amounts, then committed amounts, then assigned amounts, and finally unassigned amounts.

Deferred Inflows (Outflows) of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category including changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and the County's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program. The other amounts will be recognized as increases in pension expense in future years.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflows (Outflows) of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category difference between expected and actual economic experience, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes in the proportion and differences between the County's contributions and proportionate share of contributions, relating to the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program are reported as deferred inflows of resources. The County also has several items, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualified for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the items are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from intergovernmental revenues and charges for emergency medical services. The amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available.

<u>Implementation of New Accounting Standards</u>

As described in Note 15 to the financial statements, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and the related GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, by recognizing its net pension liability related to its pension plans. Accordingly, the cumulative effect of the accounting change is recorded at the beginning of the year in the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and the proprietary funds.

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

Total fund balances of the county's governmental funds (\$14,852,945) differs from net position of governmental activities (\$49,849,120) reported in the statement of net position. This difference primarily results from the long term economic focus of the statement of net position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet.

Capital Related Items

When capital assets (property, plant, equipment) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Related Items (Continued)

However, the statement of net position included those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole.

Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 126,700,617
Accumulated Depreciation	(77,785,009)
Total	\$ 48,915,608

Receivable Transactions

Certain receivables are not available to pay current period expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds. Balances as of September 30, 2015 were:

Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	554,025
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Long-Term Debt Transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the statement of net position. Balances as of September 30, 2015 were:

Note Payable	\$ 80,000
Postemployment Healthcare	1,350,142
Accrued Compensated Absences	741,176
Total	\$ 2,171,318

Net Pension Liability

Net pension liability is applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Balances as of September 30, 2015 were:

Net Pension Liability	(12,421,504)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related Items	2,827,854
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related Items	(2,708,490)
Total	\$ (12,302,140)

Elimination of Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables and payables in the amount of \$576,215 between governmental funds have been eliminated for the statement of net position.

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to Changes in Net Position on the Statement of Activities</u>

The *net change in fund balances* for governmental funds (\$297,164) differs from the *change in net position* for governmental activities (\$1,154,745) reported in the statement of activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effects of the differences are illustrated below.

Capital Related Items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year.

Capital Outlay	\$ 6,319,359
Loss on Disposal of Equipment	(95,294)
Depreciation Expense	(5,807,961)
Difference	\$ 416,104

Revenues

Some revenue reported in the statement of activities will not be collected for several months after the fiscal year-end and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Charges for Services	\$ 70,681
Intergovernmental Revenues	6,441
Total	\$ 77,122

Expense Transactions

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net Change in Postemployment Healthcare	\$ (122,219)
Net Change in Accrued Compensated Absences	(13,772)
Net Change in Pension Expense	580,346
Net Adjustment	\$ 444,355

NOTE 2 RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to Changes in Net Position on the Statement of Activities (Continued)

Reclassification and Eliminations

Transfers in and transfers out in the amount of \$1,151,684 between governmental activities are eliminated.

NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash Deposits and Cash Equivalents

Certain funds of the county participate in pooled cash. The earnings of the pool are allocated on a monthly basis to individual funds based upon their average monthly balance in the pool.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 9, each fund's equity in the County's pool is considered to be a cash equivalent since the funds can deposit or effectively withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. The County considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Custodial risk relating to cash deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government will not be able to recover the value of its deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$17,801,205 and the bank balances were \$18,235,609. The County's noninterest bearing bank balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for each banking relationship. The remaining balances and interest bearing bank balances are collateralized pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution, a qualified public depository, all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

NOTE 4 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consist of the following at September 30, 2015 for the governmental funds individual major funds and non-major funds:

			Other		Total
	General	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental
	Fund		Funds		Funds
Emergency Medical Services	\$ 749,697	\$		\$	749,697
Trade Accounts	8,208		10,138	_	18,346
Accounts Receivable, Gross	757,905		10,138		768,043
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(237,209)				(237,209)
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$ 520,696	\$	10,138	\$	530,834

Accounts receivable consist of the following at September 30, 2015 for the enterprise funds individual major funds and non-major fund:

	Major				Non	-Major				
			/auchula							
			Wa	astewater	Van	idolah				
			Treatment Wastewater				r Total			
	Sol	id Waste	e Trust		Treatment		Enterprise			
		Fund	Fund		Fund		Funds			
Landfill Charges	\$	71,576	\$	-	\$	-	\$	71,576		
Trade Accounts		-		74,305		78		74,383		
Accounts Receivable, Gross Allowance for Uncollectibles		71,576		74,305		78 -		145,959		
Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	71,576	\$	74,305	\$	78	\$	145,959		

NOTE 5 DETAIL OF CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES	Balance October 1, 2014	Additions	(Deletions)	Donations & Transfers	Balance September 30, 2015
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$ 3,551,168 228,976 3,780,144	\$ 13,034 298,147 311,181	\$ (25,000)	\$ - (220,044) (220,044)	\$ 3,539,202 307,079 3,846,281
• .	3,760,144	311,101	(25,000)	(220,044)	3,040,201
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	23,278,638 16,684,097 77,236,812 117,199,547	445,989 1,392,936 3,703,415 5,542,340	(13,000) (539,336) 	91,203 255,129 318,453 664,785	23,802,830 17,792,826 81,258,680 122,854,336
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure	(9,467,637) (12,117,071) (50,895,479)	(580,487) (1,146,379) (4,081,095)	- 482,042 -	21,097 -	(10,048,124) (12,760,311) (54,976,574)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(72,480,187)	(5,807,961)	482,042	21,097	(77,785,009)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	44,719,360	(265,621)	(70,294)	685,882	45,069,327
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 48,499,504	\$ 45,560	\$ (95,294)	\$ 465,838	\$ 48,915,608
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	\$ 962,625 2,917,992 3,880,617	\$ - 1,469,417 1,469,417	\$ - - -	\$ - (2,860,436) (2,860,436)	\$ 962,625 1,526,973 2,489,598
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	9,884,737 1,993,329 13,535,324 25,413,390	183,981 150,327 334,308	- - -	21,097 2,860,436 2,881,533	9,884,737 2,198,407 16,546,087 28,629,231
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,892,841) (1,563,607) (6,440,765) (9,897,213)	(80,741) (135,986) (1,088,795) (1,305,522)	- - -	(21,097)	(1,973,582) (1,720,690) (7,529,560) (11,223,832)
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	15,516,177	(971,214)		2,860,436	17,405,399
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 19,396,794	\$ 498,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,894,997

NOTE 5 DETAIL OF CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2015 was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
General Government	\$ 689,318
Public Safety	703,739
Physical Environment	2,322
Transportation	4,199,374
Human Services	23,125
Culture/Recreation	190,083
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Governmental Activities	\$ 5,807,961
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	
Solid Waste	\$ 559,350
Wauchula Hills Water/Wastewater Treatment	721,558
Vandolah Wastewater Treatment	24,614
Total Depreciation Expense -	
Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,305,522

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year ended September 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Balance						Balance		
	(October 1,					Sep		Dυ	ie Within
		2014		Additions	(R	eductions)		2015		ne Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES										
Notes Payable	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$	(20,000)	\$	80,000	\$	20,000
Other Postemployment Benefits		1,227,923		211,019		(88,800)		1,350,142		-
Net Pension Liability		7,521,142		4,900,362		-		12,421,504		-
Accrued Compensated										
Absences		727,404		13,772		-		741,176		395,533
T		=	_		_	(100.000)	_	44 =00 000		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	9,476,469	\$	5,225,153	\$	(108,800)	\$	14,592,822	\$	415,533
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES										
Notes Payable	\$	3,400,000	\$	-	\$	(200,000)	\$	3,200,000	\$	200,000
Other Postemployment Benefits		58,077		9,981		(4,200)		63,858		-
Net Pension Liability		327,067		21,239		-		348,306		-
Accrued Compensated										
Absences		27,284		-		(10,438)		16,846		9,631
Landfill Closure and										
Post Closure Costs		7,241,393		100,791		-		7,342,184		361,812
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	11,053,821	\$	132,011	\$	(214,638)	\$	10,971,194	\$	571,443

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Long-term liabilities are typically liquidated by the individual fund to which the liabilities are directly associated. Claims and judgments are typically liquidated by the General Fund and charged to the funds to which a portion of the liabilities directly relate.

Notes Payable

The Board issued a note payable to the Florida Local Government Finance Commission for \$1,425,000 during the 2005-2006 fiscal year for Wauchula Hills Wastewater Treatment Plant. Principal payments are due annually beginning December 7, 2006. Interest payments are due monthly, based on the market rate of commercial paper. The note is payable from and secured by the $\frac{1}{2}$ cent sales tax.

The Board issued a note payable to the Florida Local Government Finance Commission for \$3,800,000 during the 2011-2012 fiscal year for the purposes of providing the Board with sufficient funds to refinance an existing loan previously made to the county under one of the Florida Local Government Finance Commission's other loan programs and to finance capital improvements to the public agency's Class I Landfill. Principal payments are due annually, beginning March 5, 2013. Interest payments are due monthly, based on the market rate of commercial paper. The note is payable from and secured by designated revenues of the Board.

Maturities of notes payable are as follows:

	_	Business- i ype Activities				
		Florida Local Government				ment
Year Ending	_	Finance Commission				ion
September 30,		Principal			Int	terest
2016		\$	200,000	9	5	5,185
2017	_		3,000,000			1,275
Total		\$	3,200,000	9	6	6,460
	-					

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments required under operating leases for vehicles and equipment used in governmental operations that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms as of September 30, 2015:

Year Ended September 30,	Amount	
<u> </u>		
2016	\$	68,420
2017		57,631
2018		3,684
2019		3,684
2020		3,684
Thereafter		3,684
Total Minimum Payments Required	\$	140,787

NOTE 7 DUE TO/DUE FROM OTHER FUNDS

The balance of due from other funds and due to other funds are as follows at September 30, 2015:

	Due from Other Funds		Ot	Due to Other Funds	
General Fund	\$	487,705	\$	27,301	
Transportation Trust	•	13,560	*	71,860	
Fire Control Fund		1,581		, -	
Grants Fund		1,900		445,517	
Non-major Governmental Funds		71,469		62,026	
Solid Waste Fund		1,582		-	
Wauchula Hills Water/Wastewater Treatment Fund		28,907		_	
Total	\$	606,704	\$	606,704	

Amounts due to and from other funds arise from timing differences as a result of transactions with Constitutional Officers and cash transfers for operating purposes.

NOTE 8 FUND BALANCE AND SPENDING POLICY

The governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable		\$ 844,202
Restricted		
Transportation	\$ 2,964,429	
Fire Control	2,363,154	
Grants	130,437	
Court Innovations	366,953	
Law Enforcement Trust	97,867	
E-911	139,660	
Court Technology	7,065	
Official Records	131,660	
Clerk Operational Needs	223,319	
Inmate Welfare	135,529	
Education	40,120	
Total Restricted	_	6,607,387
Committed		
Pioneer Park Days	74,568	
Mining	73,849	
Total Committed		148,417
Unassigned		 7,252,939
Total Fund Balances		\$ 14,852,945

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the County are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

The County's pension expense totaled \$932,541 for both the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Plan for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned:

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service:	% Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement up to age 63 or up to 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement up to age 64 or up to 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement up to age 66 or up to 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement up to age 67 or up to 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement up to age 68 or up to 36 years of service	1.68
Elected County Officers	3.00
Senior Management Service Class	2.00
Special Risk Regular	
Service from December 1, 1970, through September 30, 1974	2.00
Service on and after October 1, 1974	3.00

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Effective July 1, 2011, all FRS Plan members (except those in DROP) are required to make 3% employee contributions on a pretax basis. The contribution rates attributable to the County, effective July 1, 2014, were applied to employee salaries as follows: regular employees 7.37%, special risk 19.82%, county elected officials 43.24%, senior management 21.14%, and DROP participants 12.28%. The County's contributions to the FRS Plan were \$1,695,399 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Costs

At September 30, 2015, the County reported a liability of \$8,280,411 for its proportionate share of the FRS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received by FRS during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of FRS's participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the County's proportion was 0.064108020%, which was a decrease of 0.0021% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the County recognized pension expense of \$531,274 for its proportionate share of FRS's pension expense. In addition, the County reported its proportionate share of FRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and				
Actual Economic Experience	\$	874,166	\$	196,386
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		549,599		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		-		1,977,223
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		602,992		562,940
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Total	\$	378,958 2,405,715	\$	2,736,549

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN(CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

\$378,958 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions to the FRS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	 Amount	
2016	\$ (657,899)	
2017	(657,899)	
2018	(657,899)	
2019	973,372	
2020	225,352	
Thereafter	 65,181	
	\$ (709,792)	

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

FRS Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation 2.60% per year

Salary Increases 3.25%, Average, Including Inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.65%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption.

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation, as outlined in the FRS Plan's investment policy, and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Annual Arithmetic Return	Compound Annual (Geometric) Return	Standard Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.2%	3.1%	1.7%
Fixed Income	18.0%	4.8%	4.7%	4.7%
Global Equity	53.0%	8.5%	7.2%	17.7%
Real Estate (Property)	10.0%	6.8%	6.2%	12.0%
Private Equity	6.0%	11.9%	8.2%	30.0%
Strategic Investments	12.0%	6.7%	6.1%	11.4%
Totals	100%			
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.6%		1.9%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65% for the FRS Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Description	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
FRS Plan Discount Rate	6.65%	7.65%	8.65%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the FRS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 21,456,417	\$ 8,280,411	\$ (2,684,191)

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the FRS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately-issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at http://www.dms.myflorida.com.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the contribution rate was 1.26 percent of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statues. The County contributed 100 percent of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled. The County's contributions to the HIS Plan were \$182,227 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Pension Costs

At September 30, 2015, the County reported a liability of \$4,489,396 for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the County's contributions received during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015, relative to the total employer contributions received from all participating employers. At June 30, 2015, the County's proportion was .044020471%, which was an increase of 0.00054% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended September 30, 2015, the County recognized pension expense of \$343,395 for its proportionate share of HIS's pension expense. In addition, the County reported its proportionate share of HIS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of				Deferred Inflows of	
Description	Res	ources	s Resourc			
Differences Between Expected and						
Actual Economic Experience	\$	-	\$	-		
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	353,198		353,198			-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on HIS Program Investments		2,430		-		
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between County Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		84,221		31,007		
County Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		52,145		<u>-</u>		
Total	\$	491,994	\$	31,007		

\$52,145 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions to the HIS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	 Amount
2016	\$ 70,444
2017	70,444
2018	70,444
2019	69,950
2020	69,713
Thereafter	 57,847
	\$ 408,842

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

HIS Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation 2.60% per year

Salary Increases 3.25%, Average, Including Inflation

Municipal Bond Rate 3.80%

Mortality rates were based on the Generational RP-2000 with Projection Scale BB. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008, through June 30, 2014.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.80% for the HIS Plan. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-asyou-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the HIS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Description	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
HIS Plan Discount Rate	2.80%	3.80%	4.80%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the HIS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 7,449,758	\$ 6,538,010	\$ 5,777,749

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately-issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at http://www.dms.myflorida.com.

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN

FRS Investment Plan

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Continued)

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan).

The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. County employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the investment member's accounts during the 2014-2015 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, are based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: Regular class 6.30%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 7.95%, Special Risk class 14.00%, Senior Management Service class 7.67% and County Elected Officers class 11.34%.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the County.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

NOTE 9 RETIREMENT PLAN

FRS Investment Plan (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Continued)

The County's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$57,873 for the year ended September 30, 2015. Employee contributions to the Investment Plan totaled \$223,369 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

Employees who retire from employment with the County under the County-wide sponsored pension plan are also entitled to participate in the County Group Health Plan on the same basis (i.e., single or family coverage) that they were covered immediately before their retirement provided they make a satisfactory agreement for payment and pay 100% of the premium before the beginning of each month of coverage. Retirees who do not choose to continue to participate within thirty days of their employment termination date lose eligibility to participate in the future. The OPEB plan currently covers certain eligible retirees of the County. For Sheriff's Office employees initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the normal retirement provisions state that the employees must be a minimum of age 55 with 6 or more years of service or have at least 25 years of service at any age. For Sheriff's Office employees initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the normal retirement provisions state that the employees must be a minimum of age 60 with 8 or more years of special risk service or have at least 30 years of special risk service at any age. For all other employees initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the normal retirement provisions state that employees must be a minimum of age 62 with 6 or more years of service or have at least 30 years of service at any age. For all other employees initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the normal retirement provisions state that employees must be a minimum of age 65 with 8 or more years of service or have at least 33 years of service at any age. There is an early retirement provision that allows employees to be eligible for retiree health benefits with 6 years of service. The premiums for the retirees and dependents participating in the group insurance and self-insured health plans are the same as that of active employees. Employees pay 100% of the active premium rate, and the County pays any remaining amount necessary for payment of claims. For Sheriff's Office employees, the County provides a subsidy equal to the single employee premium less the Florida Retirement System (FRS) subsidy. The FRS subsidy is equal to \$5 per year of subsidy. This subsidy is available until a retiree reaches age 65. The maximum subsidy is \$200 per month. The County subsidizes the premium rates paid by the retirees and their dependents by allowing them to participate in the health plan at the blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The postemployment healthcare plan does not issue a stand-alone report.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Funding Policy

The County has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) or the net OPEB obligation. For the year ended September 30, 2015, 7 retirees and dependents received healthcare benefits. The County provided contributions of \$41,000 toward the annual OPEB cost comprised of premium contributions. There were no claim benefit payments made on behalf of retirees net of retiree contributions.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contributions of the employer (ARC), and amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the County's annual OPEB cost for the year ended September 30, 2015, the amount contributed to the plan and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 176,000
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	45,000
Less Amortization of Net OPEB Obligation	(52,000)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	169,000
Contributions Made	(41,000)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	128,000
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	1,286,000
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 1,414,000

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation as of September 30, 2015 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of		
	Annual	Annual OPEB	ı	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed		Obligation
September 30, 2015	\$ 169,0	00 24.26%	\$	1,414,000
September 30, 2014	159,0	00 23.27%		1,286,000
September 30, 2013	200,0	00 15.50%		1,164,000

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funding status as of September 30, 2015 was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (a)	\$ 1,414,000
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (b)	 -
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (c) = (a-b)	\$ 1,414,000
Funded Ratio (b/a)	0%
Covered Payroll (Active Plan Member) (d)	N/A
UALL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (c/d)	N/A

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and the healthcare costs trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan provisions as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effect of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the October 6, 2014 OPEB actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial method was used. Because the OPEB liability is currently unfunded, the actuarial assumptions include a 3.5 percent rate of return on invested assets, which is the County's long-term expectation of investment returns under its investment policy. The actuarial assumptions also include a payroll growth of four percent per year, and a medical trend using SOA Long Run Medical Cost Trend Model using 1.6% GDP. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payrolls on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at September 30, 2015, is twenty-five years.

NOTE 11 RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County is a member of Public Risk Management of Florida (PRM), a local government risk management pool.

The PRM program is structured under a self-insured retention insurance program, whereby PRM pays claims up to a specified amount annually for property and general liability, public officials' liability, automobile liability and workers' compensation. PRM purchases excess insurance or stop loss insurance from commercial carriers to cover losses above the self-insured retention amounts.

PRM assesses each member its pro rata share of the estimated amount required to meet current year losses and operating expenses. If total member assessments (premiums) do not produce sufficient funds to meet its obligations, PRM can make additional limited assessments. Losses, if any, in excess of PRM's ability to assess its members would revert back to the member that incurred the loss.

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Landfill Closure Commitments

Hardee County has completed two – six acre expansions of their original 12 acre Class I Landfill. This brings the total footprint up to 24.8 acres. The original 12 acres was at capacity in 2010 and received a partial final closure in January of 2012. The expansion – separated into two sections (section I and II). Section I became operational in 2010 and Section II will remain on hold until it is needed. In total the expanded areas increase the life capacity of the Class I Landfill approximately 23 years.

To minimize the threat to public health and the environment, Solid Waste Financial Assurance requirement were adopted by the state in 1984 to secure the proper closing of solid waste management facilities operating in the state of Florida. When demonstrating proof of financial assurance, Hardee County uses a secured escrow account to deposit annual prorated amounts for the total cost of final closure. These estimates are tired directly to a set of approved cost closure and long term care estimates that are prepared by professional engineers every two years and updated with an inflation factor every two years. These estimates are approved by the State of Florida's Department of Environmental Protections and audited annually by independent auditors. Long term care is for the post-closure care cost for the landfill site for thirty years after closure and the County is not required to escrow those estimated amounts.

NOTE 12 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Although closure and post-closure care costs are paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports as a liability a portion of closure and post-closure care costs based on landfill capacity used as of the balance sheet date. The landfill closure and post-closure care liability was \$6,980,372 at September 30, 2015; represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on an average use of 51.95% of the total estimated capacity available as of September 30, 2015. There was an increase in the liability due to the capacity reduction for the estimated usage. The increase in the liability caused the general and administrative expenses to be \$100,791 as of September 30, 2015. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations.

The County is required by State and Federal laws and regulation to make annual contributions to a landfill management escrow account to finance only the closure portion of the estimates. That portion was \$3,295,890 at September 30, 2015. The County is in compliance with these requirements at September 30, 2015. At September 30, 2015, \$961,825 is held in a separate cash account to fund the estimated closure costs of the regional landfill, materials recovery facility and waste tire facility. The County expects that future inflation costs will be paid from future contributions and interest earnings on these contributions. In the event closure escrow and interest earnings prove inadequate due to higher than expected inflation changes in technology or changes in laws and regulations, these costs may need to be financed by future landfill uses or future tax revenue. The County intends to fund these costs annually through its solid waste special assessment.

Contingencies

The County is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. It is the opinion of management that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of Hardee County, Florida.

The County is subject to various grant program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The audits of these programs for or including the year ended September 30, 2015 have not yet been accepted/approved by the grantors. Accordingly, the final determination of the County's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 13 TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund that state law required to collect them to the fund that state law requires to expend them 2) provide matching funds for grants, 3) use unrestricted fund revenues to finance activities which must be accounted for in another fund.

Transfers during the year ended September 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

Transfers to the General Fund from:		
Fire Control Fund	\$	100,205
Grants Fund		164
Non-Major Governmental Funds		43,141
Solid Waste Fund		48,420
Wauchula Hills Water/Wastewater Treatment Fund		130,092
Non-Major Enterprise Fund		7,472
Total	\$	329,494
Transfers to the Transportation Trust Fund from:		
Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	16,352
Solid Waste Fund	Ψ	19,057
Wauchula Hills Water/Wastewater Treatment Fund		819
Non-Major Enterprise Fund		97
Total	\$	36,325
Transfers to the Fire Control Fund from:		
General Fund	\$	649,580
Non-Major Governmental Funds		586
Total	\$	650,166
Transfers to the Grants Fund from:		
General Fund	\$	7,875
Transfers to Non-Major Governmental Funds from:		
General Fund	\$	196,234
Transfers to the Solid Waste Fund from:		
General Fund	\$	1,582
Non-Major Governmental Funds	Ψ	1,092
Total	\$	2,674
Transfers to Wauchula Hills Water/Wastewater		
Treatment Fund from:		
Grants Fund	\$	134,873

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE 14 STATE HOUSING INITIATIVE PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM (SHIP)

The Florida Homebuyer Opportunity Program (FHOP), formerly known as the State Housing Initiative Partnership Program Trust Fund (SHIP) is included in the Grants Fund. Separate financial information for this program is reported below:

Balance Sheet

September 30, 2015

ASSETS Cash Due from Other Funds	\$	280,001							
Total Assets		1,900							
	<u> </u>	281,901							
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable	\$	991							
Due to Other Funds		28,934							
Total Liabilities		29,925							
FUND BALANCE		251,976							
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	281,901							
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended September 30, 2015									
REVENUES Interest Miscellaneous	\$	1,058 29,611							
Total Revenues		30,669							
EXPENDITURES Economic Environment		447,312							
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES		(416,643)							
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers Out		(28,907)							
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(445,550)							
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		697,526							
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	251,976							

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE 15 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

During the year ended September 30, 2015, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and the related GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. These pronouncements requires the restatement of the September 30, 2014, net position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and enterprise funds as shown as follows:

	Governmental Activities			ısiness-Type Activities	S	Solid Waste Fund
Net Position, September 30, 2015, as Previously Reported	\$	63,028,770	\$	12,877,765	\$	(1,544,418)
Cumulative Affect of Application of GASB 68, Net Pension Liability		(12,882,486)		(581,038)		(287,340)
Net Position, September 30, 2015, as Restated	\$	50,146,284	\$	12,296,727	\$	(1,831,758)
	Wauchula Hills Water/ Wastewater Treatment Fund			Vandolah Vastewater eatment (Non- ⁄lajor Fund)		
Net Position, September 30, 2015, as Previously Reported	\$	13,130,447	\$	1,291,736		
Cumulative Affect of Application of GASB 68, Net Pension Liability Net Position, September 30, 2015,		(252,522)		(41,176)		
as Restated	\$	12,877,925	\$	1,250,560		



HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Actuarial				UAAL as
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			% of
Actuarial	Value of	Liability (AAL)	AAL	Funded	Covered	Covered
Valuation	Assets	- Unit Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
10/1/2013		1,330,000	1,330,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A
10/1/2011	-	1,363,000	1,363,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A
10/1/2009	-	2,154,000	2,154,000	0.00%	N/A	N/A

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE 1 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

As noted in the previous schedule, as of the actuarial valuation dates of October 1, 2013 and October 1, 2011 the County's Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) decreased \$33,000. The liability decrease is attributed to actuarial estimates for the change in both the contribution schedule and retirees eligible.

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Schedule of Hardee County, Florida's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Florida Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2015		2014
Hardee County, Florida's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.	064108020%	0.0	061994926%
Hardee County, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	8,280,411	\$	3,782,602
Hardee County, Florida's covered-employee payroll	\$	11,831,746	\$	12,561,056
Hardee County, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		69.98%		30.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		92.00%		96.09%

^{*} The amount presented for net pension liability (asset) each fiscal year was determined as of 6/30.

¹2014 was the first year reporting net pension liability (GASB 68)

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS – FLORIDA RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Schedule of Hardee County, Florida's Contributions Florida Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015			
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,527,309	\$	1,695,399
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,527,309)		(1,695,399)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-
Hardee County, Florida's covered-employee payroll	\$	11,831,746	\$	12,561,056
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.91%		13.50%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 9/30.

¹ 2014 was the first year reporting net pension liability (GASB 68)

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY – HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Schedule of Hardee County, Florida's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2015		2014
Hardee County, Florida's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.	044020471%	0.0	043481289%
Hardee County, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,489,399	\$	4,065,607
Hardee County, Florida's covered-employee payroll	\$	14,257,015	\$	13,402,755
Hardee County, Florida's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		31.49%		30.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		0.50%		0.99%

^{*} The amount presented for net pension liability (asset) each fiscal year was determined as of 6/30.

¹2014 was the first year reporting net pension liability (GASB 68)

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS – HEALTH INSURANCE SUBSIDY PENSION PLAN SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Schedule of Hardee County, Florida's Contributions Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 217,063	\$ 182,277
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(217,063)	(182,277)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$
Hardee County, Florida's covered-employee payroll	\$ 14,257,015	\$ 13,402,755
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	1.52%	1.36%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 9/30.

¹ 2014 was the first year reporting net pension liability (GASB 68)

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Following are descriptions of each special revenue fund.

Fines and Forfeitures Fund – Pursuant to Florida Statute 142.01, the Fines and Forfeiture Fund accounts for all fines and forfeitures collected in the County under the penal laws of the state. The fund is used to pay for criminal expenses, fees, and costs where the crime was committed in the County and to support the administrative operations of the Clerk and the Sheriff.

Pioneer Park Days Fund – The Pioneer Park Days Fund accounts for the proceeds received during the annual Pioneer Park Days show. Any excess proceeds are set aside to be utilized for park related improvements.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund – The Law Enforcement Trust Fund accounts for proceeds received pursuant to Florida Statute 932.7055 and are used for law enforcement related purposes as defined in the statute.

Clerk's Fine and Forfeiture Fund – The Clerk's Fine and Forfeiture Fund is established in accordance with Florida Statutes. It is used to account for court fines, fees, service charges, liabilities, and costs.

E-911 Fund – The E-911 Fund accounts for proceeds received from 911 fees and grants related to providing E-911 services within the County.

Mining Fund – The Mining Fund accounts for mining fees and mining reimbursements related to mining activities within the County.

Clerk's Records Modernization Fund – The Clerk's Records Modernization Fund accounts for court technology revenues and expenditures.

Clerk's Child Support IV-D Fund – The Clerk's Child Support IV-D Fund is used to account for the child support enforcement grant and related expenditures.

Sheriff's Commissary Fund – The Sheriff's Commissary fund accounts for the commissary operated in the County jail. Revenues are provided by sales of products such as phone cards, candy, cigarettes, toothpaste, etc. to the inmates. Profits from these sales can only be spent for the welfare of the inmates.

Sheriff's Department Education Fund – The Sheriff's Department Education Fund accounts for an assessment added to all fines and forfeitures. These monies can only be used for approved education and training of law enforcement, correctional and administrative personnel.

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

Sheriff's Department E-911 Fund – The Sheriff's Department E-911 Fund accounts for proceeds received from 911 fees and grants related to providing E-911 services within the County. The E-911 fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for the 911 system operated in the County. Funding is provided to the Sheriff by the Florida Department of Management Services and is used to maintain the E-911 system, which assists Hardee County residents that are in need of law enforcement, fire and emergency medical responders. The E-911 fund is not required to maintain a separate budget.

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds											
ASSETS		ines and orfeitures			Law Enforcement Trust		Clerk's Fine and Forfeiture	E-911		Mining		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	481,530	\$	87,490	\$	97,798	\$ 272,357	\$ 84,091	\$	89,727		
Accounts Receivable, Net	Ф	401,000	Ф	67,490 -	Ф	91,190	\$ 272,357 10	क ० ४ ,७५। -	Ф	8,154		
Due from Constitutional Officers		_		_		_	-	_		-		
Due from Other Funds		-		_		_	22,291	38,565		_		
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		-		-		69	96	17,004		-		
Prepaid Expense		-					2,387					
Total Assets	\$	481,530	\$	87,490	\$	97,867	\$ 297,141	\$ 139,660	\$	97,881		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable and Accrued												
Liabilities	\$	26,890	\$	1,572	\$	-	\$ 237,310	\$ -	\$	15,878		
Due to Other Funds		-		-		-	7	-		-		
Due to Other Governmental Agencies		4,347		-		=	59,824	-		-		
Unearned Revenue				11,350		-				-		
Total Liabilities		31,237		12,922		-	297,141	-		15,878		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-	-	-		8,154		
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		-	2,387	-		-		
Restricted		366,953		-		97,867	-	139,660		-		
Committed		-		74,568		-	-	-		73,849		
Unassigned		83,340				-	(2,387)					
Total Fund Balances		450,293		74,568		97,867		139,660		73,849		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	481,530	\$	87,490	\$	97,867	\$ 297,141	\$ 139,660	\$	97,881		

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds (Continued)											
ASSETS		Clerk's Public Records Modernization Trust		Clerk's Child Support IV-D		Sheriff's Commissary		Sheriff's Department Education		Sheriff's Department E-911		otal Other Non-major overnmental Funds
	e	220 070	æ	142.000	æ	125 520	œ	40 400	æ	20 565	æ	1 600 265
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	228,078	\$	143,080 -	\$	135,529 -	\$	40,120 -	\$	38,565 -	\$	1,698,365 8,164
Due from Constitutional Officers		_		-		_		_		_		-
Due from Other Funds		10,613		-		-		-		-		71,469
Due from Other Governmental Agencies		-		9,135		-		-		-		26,304
Prepaid Expense												2,387
Total Assets	\$	238,691	\$	152,215	\$	135,529	\$	40,120	\$	38,565	\$	1,806,689
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities:												
Accounts Payable and Accrued												
Liabilities	\$	2,321	\$	3,087	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	287,058
Due to Other Funds		23,454		-		-		-		38,565		62,026
Due to Other Governmental Agencies Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-		-		64,171
Total Liabilities		25,775		3,087						38,565		11,350 424,605
		20,770		3,007						30,303		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		_		-		-		8,154
Fund Balances:												
Nonspendable		-		-		405 500		-		-		2,387
Restricted Committed		212,916		149,128		135,529		40,120		-		1,142,173 148,417
Unassigned		_		-		_		_		_		80,953
Total Fund Balances		212,916		149,128		135,529		40,120		-		1,373,930
Tatal Liabilities Defermed Inflame of							-		-			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	238,691	\$	152,215	\$	135,529	\$	40,120	\$	38,565	\$	1,806,689

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds										
	Fines and Forfeitures	Pioneer Park Days	Law Enforcement Trust	Clerk's Fine and Forfeiture	E-911	Mining					
REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 426	\$ 308,378	\$ -					
Charges for Services	φ - 23,850	102,976	φ -	795,585	φ 300,376 -	206,750					
Fines and Forfeitures	243,879	102,970	_	795,565	_	200,730					
Interest	880	216	248	_	205	215					
Miscellaneous	182	12,782	30,240	3,474	-	-					
Total Revenues	268,791	115,974	30,488	799,485	308,583	206,965					
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government	460,906	-	-	799,485	-	-					
Public Safety	(6,756)	-	55,387	-	279,978	-					
Physical Environment	-	-	-	-	-	166,578					
Culture and Recreation	-	89,196	-	-	-	-					
Capital Outlay	34,704	3,932	-	700.405		100 570					
Total Expenditures	488,854	93,128	55,387	799,485	279,978	166,578					
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(220,063)	22,846	(24,899)	-	28,605	40,387					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	183,890	-	-	-	12,344	-					
Transfers out		(23,756)				(37,415)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	183,890	(23,756)			12,344	(37,415)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(36,173)	(910)	(24,899)	-	40,949	2,972					
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	486,466	75,478	122,766		98,711	70,877					
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 450,293	\$ 74,568	\$ 97,867	\$ -	\$ 139,660	\$ 73,849					

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds (Continued)										
	R Mod	Clerk's Public ecords ernization Trust		Clerk's Child oport IV-D		Sheriff's mmissary	Sheriff's Department Education			Sheriff's epartment E-911	Total Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES										_	
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	56,811	\$	-	\$	-	\$	279,978	\$ 645,593
Charges for Services		85,438		-		-		-		-	1,214,599
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		5,216		-	249,095
Interest		538		-		-		_		-	2,302
Miscellaneous		-		860		90,165		249			137,952
Total Revenues		85,976		57,671		90,165		5,465		279,978	2,249,541
EXPENDITURES Current:											
General Government		95,238		80,660		-		-		_	1,436,289
Public Safety		-		-		49,607		-		139,876	518,092
Physical Environment		-		-		-		-		-	166,578
Culture and Recreation		-		-		-		-		-	89,196
Capital Outlay		25,422		5,020						140,102	209,180
Total Expenditures		120,660		85,680		49,607		-		279,978	2,419,335
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(34,684)		(28,009)		40,558		5,465		-	(169,794)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-	196,234
Transfers out				_		_				_	(61,171)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-		-	135,063
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(34,684)		(28,009)		40,558		5,465		-	(34,731)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		247,600		177,137		94,971		34,655		-	1,408,661
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	212,916	\$	149,128	\$	135,529	\$	40,120	\$		\$ 1,373,930

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – FINES AND FORFEITURES FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

							iance with al Budget -
	Budgeted	Amo	unts				Positive
	 Original		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES							<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Charges for Services	\$ 20,000	\$	20,000	\$	23,850	\$	3,850
Fines and Forfeitures	228,100		228,100		243,879		15,779
Interest	1,800		1,800		880		(920)
Miscellaneous	<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>		182		182
Total Revenues	249,900		249,900		268,791		18,891
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government	844,982		841,614		460,906		380,708
Public Safety	10,000		10,000		(6,756)		16,756
Capital Outlay	37,600		44,500		34,704		9,796
Total Expenditures	892,582		896,114		488,854		407,260
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES							
UNDER EXPENDITURES	(642,682)		(646,214)		(220,063)		426,151
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	183,890		183,890		183,890		-
Other Expense	(84,237)		(80,705)		_		80,705
Total Other Financing Sources (USES)	99,653		103,185		183,890		80,705
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(543,029)		(543,029)		(36,173)		506,856
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 543,029		543,029		486,466		(56,563)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$		\$	450,293	\$	450,293

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PIONEER PARK DAYS FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Bud	geted Am	ounts		Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive
	Origina		Final	Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$ 76,0	000 \$	117,000	\$ 102,976	\$	(14,024)
Interest	1	100	100	216		116
Miscellaneous	1,0	000	11,000	12,782		1,782
Total Revenues	77,1	100	128,100	115,974		(12,126)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Culture and Recreation	73,1	157	109,757	89,196		20,561
Capital Outlay	7,0	000	6,900	3,932		2,968
Other Expense	29,6	656	44,056	-		44,056
Total Expenditures	109,8	313	160,713	93,128		67,585
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(32,7	713)	(32,613)	22,846		55,459
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	(34,0)35)	(34,135)	 (23,756)		10,379
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(66,7	748)	(66,748)	(910)		65,838
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	66,7	748	66,748	75,478		8,730
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	- \$	-	\$ 74,568	\$	74,568

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – LAW ENFORCEMENT TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Fina	ance with Il Budget - Positive	
	Original		Final	 Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES	 _		_	 _			
Interest	\$ 200	\$	200	\$ 248	\$	48	
Miscellaneous	 5,000		5,000	 30,240		25,240	
Total Revenues	 5,200		5,200	 30,488		25,288	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:			55.000	55.007		_	
Public Safety	-		55,388	55,387		1	
Other Expense	 119,505		64,117	_		64,117	
Total Expenditures	 119,505		119,505	 55,387		64,118	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(114,305)		(114,305)	(24,899)		(38,830)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 114,305		114,305	122,766		8,461	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 97,867	\$	(30,369)	

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CLERK'S FINE AND FORFEITURE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual	Final Po	nce with budget - sitive gative)
REVENUES	 origina.		- 11101	 , totaa.	(1.10;	gaaro,
Intergovernmental	\$ 250	\$	426	\$ 426	\$	-
Charges for services	839,477		795,585	795,585		-
Miscellaneous	 		3,474	 3,474		-
Total Revenues	839,727		799,485	799,485		-
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government:						
Salaries and Benefits	796,290		778,587	778,587		-
Operating Expenditures	43,437		20,898	20,898		
Total Expenditures	 839,727		799,485	 799,485		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		-	-		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 			 <u>-</u>		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – E-911 FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

						iance with al Budget -
	Budgeted	Amoi	ınts			ositive
	Original	7 111101	Final	Actual	-	legative)
REVENUES						<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$ 102,600	\$	279,596	\$ 308,378	\$	28,782
Interest	 150		150	205		55
Total Revenues	 102,750		279,746	 308,583		28,837
EXPENDITURES						
Current:	4.47.770		004.700	070 070		44.704
Public Safety	 147,773		324,769	 279,978		44,791
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(45,023)		(45,023)	28,605		73,628
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	12,344		12,344	12,344		_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(32,679)		(32,679)	40,949		73,628
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 32,679		32,679	98,711		66,032
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 139,660	\$	139,660

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – MINING FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

					Fin	riance with al Budget -
	 Budgeted	Amo				Positive
	 Original		Final	Actual	1)	legative)
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$ 519,923	\$	519,923	\$ 206,750	\$	(313,173)
Interest	 380		380	215		(165)
Total Revenues	520,303		520,303	 206,965		(313,338)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Physical Environment	476,017		476,017	166,578		309,439
Other Expense	100,898		100,898	-		100,898
Total Expenditures	576,915		576,915	166,578		410,337
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(56,612)		(56,612)	40,387		96,999
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfers out	 (37,415)		(37,415)	 (37,415)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(94,027)		(94,027)	2,972		96,999
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	94,027		94,027	70,877		(23,150)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	_	\$ 73,849	\$	73,849

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CLERK'S PUBLIC RECORDS MODERNIZATION TRUST YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

								riance with al Budget -	
		Budgeted	Amo	unts				ar Budget - Positive	
	(Original		Final		Actual	(Negative)		
REVENUES				_		_		_	
Charges for Services	\$	240,419	\$	333,035	\$	85,438	\$	(247,597)	
Interest				539		538		(1)	
Total Revenues		240,419		333,574	·	85,976		(247,598)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government:									
Salaries and Benefits		17,517		31,709		31,709		-	
Operating Expenditures		202,902		273,729		63,529		210,200	
Capital Outlay		20,000		28,136		25,422		2,714	
Total Expenditures		240,419		333,574		120,660		212,914	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		(34,684)		(34,684)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						247,600		247,600	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	-	\$		\$	212,916	\$	212,916	

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CLERK'S CHILD SUPPORT IV-D FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Budgeted	Amo			A.I. al	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive
DEVENUE O		Original		Final		Actual	(ſ	Negative)
REVENUES	•	100 107	•	000 047	•	50.044	•	(477 400)
Intergovernmental	\$	192,127	\$	233,947	\$	56,811	\$	(177,136)
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u> _		859		860		1
Total Revenues		192,127		234,806		57,671		(177,135)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government:								
Salaries and Benefits		32,795		66,451		66,451		-
Operating Expenditures		157,832		163,335		14,209		149,126
Capital Outlay		1,500		5,020		5,020		-
Total Expenditures		192,127		234,806		85,680		149,126
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		(28,009)		(28,009)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						177,137		177,137
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	149,128	\$	149,128

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Clerk's Special Trust	Clerk's upport	Clerk's Court Registry	С	lerk's ounty itness	 Clerk's Cash Bond	Con	Clerk's demnation ht-of Way	C	Tax Collector Fund	Collector Motor nicle Fund
ASSETS Cash Due from Individuals	\$ 81,454 -	\$ 1,261 -	\$ 10,840	\$	309	\$ 42,095 -	\$	5,452 -	\$	189,047 35,504	\$ 72,520 -
Total Assets	\$ 81,454	\$ 1,261	\$ 10,840	\$	309	\$ 42,095	\$	5,452	\$	224,551	\$ 72,520
LIABILITIES											
Due to Individuals Vouchers Payable	\$ 36,969	\$ - 1,261	\$ 10,840	\$	15	\$ 42,095	\$	5,452	\$	-	\$ -
Due to Other Governments Due to Indigent Health Care	44,485	-	-		294	-		-		7,196	72,520
Special District	-	-	-		-	-		-		176	-
Deposit - Installment Taxes	 					 				217,179	
Total Liabilities	\$ 81,454	\$ 1,261	\$ 10,840	\$	309	\$ 42,095	\$	5,452	\$	224,551	\$ 72,520

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION (CONTINUED) ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	_	Sheriff's Sheriff's Suspense Collections		Sheriff's Sheriff's Inmate Youth			_	heriff's Flower	Sheriff Drug Sheriff's Task Evidence Force			Drug Task				
ASSETS Cash Due from Individuals	\$	1,396 -	\$	- -	\$	9,720	\$	8,177 <u>-</u>	\$	2,751	\$	40,629	\$	702 -	\$	466,353 35,504
Total Assets	\$	1,396	\$		\$	9,720	\$	8,177	\$	2,751	\$	40,629	\$	702	\$	501,857
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals Vouchers Payable Due to Other Governments Due to Indigent Health Care	\$	1,396 - -	\$	- - -	\$	9,720 - -	\$	8,177 - -	\$	2,751 - -	\$	40,629 - -	\$	702 - -	\$	158,746 1,261 124,495
Special District Deposit - Installment Taxes		- 		<u>-</u>		- -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -		- -		176 217,179
Total Liabilities	\$	1,396	\$		\$	9,720	\$	8,177	\$	2,751	\$	40,629	\$	702	\$	501,857

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION – ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Balance October 1, 2014			Additions	Balance September 30, 2015			
CLERK'S SPECIAL TRUST ASSETS								
Cash	\$	149,302	\$	1,776,842	\$	(1,844,690)	\$	81,454
LIABILITIES								
Due to Individuals Due to Other Governments	\$	29,323 119,979	\$	98,313 1,678,529	\$	(90,667) (1,754,023)	\$	36,969 44,485
Total Liabilities	\$	149,302	\$	1,776,842	\$	(1,844,690)	\$	81,454
CLERK'S SUPPORT								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	745	\$	22,634	\$	(22,118)	\$	1,261
LIABILITIES								
Due to Individuals	\$	-	\$	6,553	\$	(6,553)	\$	-
Vouchers Payable Due to Other Governments		745		11,317 4,764		(10,801) (4,764)		1,261
Total Liabilities	\$	745	\$	22,634	\$	(22,118)	\$	1,261
CLERK'S COURT REGISTRY								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	34,503	\$	199,295	\$	(222,958)	\$	10,840
LIABILITIES								
Due to Individuals	\$	34,503	\$	199,295	\$	(222,958)	\$	10,840
CLERK'S COUNTY WITNESS								
ASSETS Cash	\$	309	\$	_	\$	_	\$	309
	<u> </u>							
LIABILITIES Due to ledividuele	æ	45	e		æ		ď	4.5
Due to Individuals Due to Other Governments	\$	15 294	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15 294
Total Liabilities	\$	309	\$	_	\$	-	\$	309

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) – ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Balance October 1, 2014 Additions				Deductions	Balance September 30, 2015		
CLERK'S CASH BOND ASSETS								
Cash	\$	23,415	\$	119,920	\$	(101,240)	\$	42,095
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$	23,415	\$	119,920	\$	(101,240)	\$	42,095
CLERK'S CONDEMNATION RIGHT-OF-WAY ASSETS								
Cash	\$	7,390	\$	650,368	\$	(652,306)	\$	5,452
LIABILITIES								
Due to Individuals	\$	7,390	\$	650,368	\$	(652,306)	\$	5,452
TAX COLLECTOR FUND ASSETS Cash	\$	253,529	\$	13,133,428	\$	(13,197,910)	\$	189,047
Due from Individuals	\$	253,529	\$	542,542 13,675,970	\$	(507,038) (13,704,948)	\$	35,504 224,551
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$	29,877	<u> </u>	934,627	<u> </u>		\$	224,331
Due to Other Governments Due to Indigent Health Care Special District Deposit - Installment Taxes	Ψ 	6,436 206 217,010	Ψ 	11,990,925 533,239 217,179	Φ	(964,504) (11,990,165) (533,269) (217,010)	Ψ	7,196 176 217,179
Total Liabilities	\$	253,529	\$	13,675,970	\$	(13,704,948)	\$	224,551
TAX COLLECTOR MOTOR VEHICLE FUND ASSETS								
Cash	\$	22,909	\$	3,172,693	\$	(3,123,082)	\$	72,520
LIABILITIES Due to Other Governments	\$	22,909	\$	3,172,693	\$	(3,123,082)	\$	72,520

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) – ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		alance ctober 1, 2014	, Additions		D	eductions	Balance September 30, 2015		
SHERIFF'S SUSPENSE ASSETS									
Cash	\$	734	\$	68,155	\$	(67,493)	\$	1,396	
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$	734	\$	68,155	\$	(67,493)	\$	1,396	
SHERIFF'S COLLECTIONS ASSETS									
Cash	\$		\$	12,530	\$	(12,530)	\$	<u>-</u>	
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$	_	\$	12,530	\$	(12,530)	\$	_	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,000		(:=,000)			
SHERIFF'S INMATE ASSETS									
Cash	\$	12,284	\$	786,607	\$	(789,171)	\$	9,720	
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$	12,284	\$	786,607	\$	(789,171)	\$	9,720	
						_		_	
SHERIFF'S YOUTH ASSETS									
Cash	\$	9,177	\$	145	\$	(1,145)	\$	8,177	
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$	9,177	\$	145	\$	(1,145)	\$	8,177	
SHERIFF'S FLOWER ASSETS									
Cash	\$	3,715	\$		\$	(964)	\$	2,751	
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$	3,715	\$		\$	(964)	\$	2,751	

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) – ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Balance October 1, 2014		Additions		Deductions		Balance September 30, 2015	
SHERIFF'S EVIDENCE						_		
ASSETS	_				_	(44-)	_	
Cash	\$	41,816	\$	16,558	\$	(17,745)	\$	40,629
LIABILITIES								
Due to Individuals	\$	41,816	\$	16,558	\$	(17,745)	\$	40,629
SHERIFF'S DRUG TASK FORCE								
ASSETS Cash	\$	5,269	\$	2 109	¢	(7,675)	Ф	702
Casii	Ψ	5,209	φ	3,108	\$	(7,073)	\$	102
LIABILITIES								
Due to Individuals	\$	5,269	\$	3,108	\$	(7,675)	\$	702
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	565,097	\$	19,962,283	\$	(20,061,027)	\$	466,353
Due from Individuals	·	-	·	542,542	·	(507,038)		35,504
Total Assets	\$	565,097	\$	20,504,825	\$	(20,568,065)	\$	501,857
LIABILITIES								
Due to Individuals	\$	197,518	\$	2,896,179	\$	(2,934,951)	\$	158,746
Vouchers Payable		745		11,317		(10,801)		1,261
Due to Other Governments		149,618		16,846,911		(16,872,034)		124,495
Due to Indigent Health Care Special District		206		533,239		(533,269)		176
Deposit - Installment Taxes		217,010		217,179		(217,010)		217,179
Total Liabilities	\$	565,097	\$	20,504,825	\$	(20,568,065)	\$	501,857







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Wauchula, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners (the County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal* control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in finding 2015-001 of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be a material weakness.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County's Response to Findings

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

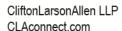
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida June 17, 2016





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR
FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT AND ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND
CHAPTER 10.550, RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Hardee County, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project

We have audited Hardee County, Florida's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the Florida Department of Financial Services State Projects *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2015. The County's major federal programs and state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs and state projects.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs and state projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with those requirements.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Project

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state project and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program or state project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the result of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida June 17, 2016

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE PROJECTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Agency/Pass-Through Entity Program Title	CFDA or CSFA Number	Contract or Grant Number	Expenditures	
FEDERAL AWARDS				
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed through Florida Department of Economic Opportunity: Community Development Block Grant Program:				
Community Development Block Grant - Housing	14.228	15DB-OJ-07-35-01-H06	\$ 137,021	
Community Development Block Grant - DREF Grant	14.228	12DB-P5-07-35-01-K56	92,915	
Community Development Block Grant - DRI Grant	14.228	10DB-K4-07-35-01-K16	32,940	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			262,876	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				
Drug-Free Communities Support Program Passed through Florida Department of Revenue:	93.276	5H79SP016561	132,093	
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	CD325	56,811	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			188,904	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	15-FG-XX-07-35-01-092	46,178	
Passed through Florida Division of Emergency Management				
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	14-DS-L5-07-35-01-257	718	
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			46,896	
U.S. Department of Justice				
Passed through Bureau of Justice Administration:				
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2015-AP-BX-0539	17,226	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership	16.607	NA	4,173	
·			21,399	
Passed through Community Oriented Policing Services:				
COPS Hiring Program	16.710	2014UMWX0038	38,934	
Passed through Florida Department of Law Enforcement:				
JAG Countywide (Operation Blue Light XV)	16.738	2015-JAGC-HARD-1-R3-107	40,000	
FDLE Edward Byrne JAG Direct (Taser Five)	16.738	2015-JAGD-HARD-2-R1-068	3,478	
			43,478	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			103,811	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 602,487	

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE PROJECTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Agency/Pass-Through Entity Program Title	CFDA or CSFA Number	Contract or Grant Number	Expenditures	
STATE PROJECTS				
Florida Division of Emergency Management Emergency Management Residential Construction Mitigation Program Total Florida Division of Emergency Management	31.063 31.066	15BG-83-07-35-01-025 15RC-E6-07-35-01-211	\$ 105,806 7,212 113,018	
Florida Department of Environmental Protection Small County SW Consolidated Grant Hazardous Waste Coop Grant Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects Total Florida Department of Environmental Protection	37.012 37.007 37.039	514SC SO719 LP25022	90,909 16,370 844,036 951,315	
Florida Department of State State Aid to Libraries Grant	45.030	15-ST-15	71,301	
Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Hardee County Civic Center Mosquito Control Total Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services	42.031 42.003	21817 21325	\$ 289,547 31,394 320,941	
Florida Housing Finance Corporation State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program Annual Entitlement	52.901	N/A	444,938	
Florida Department of Transportation Small County Outreach Program - W Main St Small County Outreach Program - Parnell Rd N to Hammock	55.009 55.009	436031 58 01 435483-1-58-01	897,909 1,921,954 2,819,863	
Small County Road Assistance Program - W Main St	55.016	43631 58 02	297,125	
Total Florida Department of Transportation			3,116,988	
Florida Department of Health Emergency Medical Services County Grant	64.003	C3025	10,065	
Florida Department of Management Services E911 Rural County (Fall) Grant Program E911 Rural County (Primary E911 System Upgrade) Grant Program E911 State Program (Spring)	72.001 72.001 72.001	14-10-12 S7-14-12-6 15-4-11	30,667 140,103 6,227 176,997	
Total Expenditures of State Projects			5,205,563	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Projects			\$ 5,808,050	

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE PROJECTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE 1 GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Projects presents the activity of all federal and state programs of Hardee County, Florida (County). The County reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2015. All federal financial awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal financial awards passed through other government agencies are included in the schedule.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Projects is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for awards recorded in governmental fund types and the accrual basis of accounting for awards recorded in the proprietary fund types which are described in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE PROJECTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

SECTION 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses Noncompliance material to basic financial statements noted	Unmodified Yes None noted No
Federal Awards and State Projects Internal control over major programs Material weaknesses identified Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be a material weaknesses Type of auditor's report on compliance for major program	No None noted Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular A-133 (Section .510(a)) or Chapter 10.557, Rules of the Auditor General?	No
Identification of major programs:	
Federal Programs Community Development Block Grant Drug-Free Communities Support Program State Projects Small County Road Assistance Program Small County Outreach Program State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program Statewide Surface Water Restoration and Wastewater Projects	CFDA No. 14.228 93.276 CSFA No. 55.016 55.009 52.901 37.039
Dollar threshold used to determine Type A and Type B programs:	
Federal Awards and State Projects	\$300,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk	No

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE PROJECTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

Material Weakness

2015-001 - MATERIAL AUDIT ADJUSTMENT

Condition: Our audit procedures disclosed material audit adjustments that were necessary in order for the financial statements to be in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Criteria: The following accounts were adjusted: deferred revenue, deferred inflows of resources, and grant revenue.

Cause: Internal controls in place did not identify proper reporting of transactions.

Effect: Account balances were required to be adjusted.

Recommendation: The deferred inflows of resources was implemented by the County in fiscal year 2014 with GASB 65. We recommend internal controls be implemented to insure proper reporting and year end closing for the County's financial statements.

Management Response: We concur.

<u>SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE PROJECTS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED</u> COSTS

There were none.

HARDEE COUNTY, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE PROJECTS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

SECTION IV - SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

		Current Year Status			
Prior Years Findings			Partially	Not	
		Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Reference
2013-01 Material Audit Adjustments	Material				
	Weakness		X		2015-001
2014-001 Internal Control Over	Material				
Financial Reporting	Weakness	X			NA
2014-002 Journal Entry Approval	Material				
	Weakness	Χ			NA
2014-003 Improper Authorization					
and Untimeliness of Drawdown	Material				
Requests	Weakness	X			NA





MANAGEMENT LETTER

Board of County Commissioners Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners (the County), Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated June 17, 2016.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that could have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. *Disclosures* in those reports and schedule, which are dated, June 17, 2016, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. See summary schedule of prior audit findings for status of significant findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The component unit's information is disclosed in Note 1. Hardee County, Florida was established by the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1 (c).



Financial Condition

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether or not the County has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the County did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.c. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the County's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Annual Financial Report

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we apply appropriate procedures and report the results of our determination as to whether the annual financial report for the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we noted the Auditor General conducted an operational audit for the period October 2010 through June 2012 and issued a report in February 2013. The Auditor General has returned to follow up on the findings and issued a report in December 2015.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

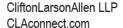
Board of County Commissioners Hardee County, Florida

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida June 17, 2016





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Board of County Commissioners Hardee County Board of County Commissioners Hardee County, Florida

We have examined the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners (the County)'s, compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds and Section 365.172(10) and 365.172(2)(d), Florida Statutes, regarding emergency communications number E911 system fund during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for the County's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida June 17, 2016



HARDEE COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

HARDEE COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Jacki Johnson Tax Collector Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardee County Tax Collector (Tax Collector), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Tax Collector's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the general fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardee County Tax Collector as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Hardee County that is attributable to the Hardee County Tax Collector. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Hardee County as of September 30, 2015, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statement is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Tax Collector's financial statements. The combining schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 21, 2016 on our consideration of Hardee County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hardee County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP
Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 21, 2016

HARDEE COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS Cash Accounts Receivable		7,718 6,121
Total Assets	\$ 8	3,839
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	168
Due to the Board of County Commissioners	80	0,258
Due to Other Governments	:	2,300
Due to Indigent Health Care Special District		1,113
Total Liabilities	8	3,839
FUND BALANCE		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 83	3,839

HARDEE COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual	wi B F	ariance th Final udget - Positive egative)
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$ 767,651	\$	767,651	\$ 792,773	\$	25,122
Interest and Miscellaneous Revenue	 1,683		1,683	1,215		(468)
Total Revenues	769,334		769,334	793,988		24,654
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government:						
Salaries and Benefits	627,512		627,512	591,429		36,083
Operating Expenditures	111,258		117,858	116,287		1,571
Capital Outlay	 9,200		2,600	2,600		-
Total Expenditures	747,970		747,970	710,316		37,654
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	21,364		21,364	83,672		62,308
OTHER FINANCING USES						
Transfer to Other Governments	(611)		(611)	(2,301)		(1,690)
Transfer to Indigent Health Care						
Special District	(305)		(305)	(1,113)		(808)
Transfer to the Board of County						
Commissioners	 (20,448)		(20,448)	(80,258)		(59,810)
Total Other Financing Uses	 (21,364)		(21,364)	(83,672)		(62,308)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		-	-		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	-	\$ _	\$	_

HARDEE COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS Cash Due from Individuals	\$ 265,344 35,504
Total Assets	\$ 300,848
LIABILITIES Due to Board of County Commissioners Due to Other Governments Due to Indigent Health Care Special District Deposit - Installment Taxes	\$ 3,777 79,716 176 217,179

\$

300,848

Total Liabilities

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Hardee County Tax Collector ("Tax Collector") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Reporting Entity

Hardee County, Florida is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and an appointed County Administrator, as provided by Section 125.73 of the Florida Statutes. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of Florida.

These financial statements are fund financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with the reporting guidelines established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and accounting practices prescribed by the Auditor General, State of Florida. The basic financial statements for the County as a whole, which includes the funds of the Tax Collector, were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Tax Collector is an elected official of Hardee County, Florida pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Tax Collector is part of the primary government of Hardee County, Florida. Although the Board and the Florida Department of Revenue approve the Tax Collector's operating budget, the Tax Collector is responsible for the administration and the operation of the Tax Collector's office. The Tax Collector's financial statements include only the funds of the Tax Collector's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Tax Collector is considered to be financially accountable.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits, which allows the Tax Collector to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Hardee County, Florida that are attributable to the Tax Collector. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Hardee County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

The general fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Tax Collector. It is presented as a major governmental fund, which uses the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to accumulated compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payments are due.

The agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

Charges for services on the collection of property taxes are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied, provided they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Fees earned by the Tax Collector (equal to the amount of the amended budget) are billed quarterly to the Board and other governmental agencies as provided in Florida Statutes. Certain other miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment revenues are recorded as earned.

Any excess revenues received over expenditures made are remitted to the Board and the other taxing districts and recorded as other financing uses.

Budgetary requirement – Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in the Florida Statutes.

A budget is legally adopted for the general fund and is on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budgetary control is at the expenditure classification level (personal services, operating expenditures, capital outlay). Budgetary changes within expenditure classification are made at the discretion of the Tax Collector. Amendments between expenditure classifications must be submitted to the State of Florida Department of Revenue for approval. The budgeted revenues and expenditures in the accompanying financial statements reflect all approved amendments.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

Property tax collection - Chapter 197, Florida Statutes, governs property tax collection.

Current taxes – All property taxes become due and payable on November 1, and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts of 4%, 3%, 2% and 1% are allowed for early payment in November through February, respectively.

Unpaid taxes – sale of tax certificates – The Tax Collector advertises, as required by Florida Statutes, and then sells tax certificates on all real property for unpaid taxes. Certificates not purchased are issued to the County. Any person owning real property upon which a tax certificate has been sold may reacquire the real property by paying the Tax Collector the face amount of the tax certificate plus interest and other costs.

Tax deeds – The owner of a tax certificate may file an application for tax deed sale two years after the taxes have been delinquent (after April1). The County, as a certificate owner, may exercise similar procedures two years after taxes have been delinquent (after April 1). Tax deeds are issued to the highest bidder of the property, which is sold at public auction. The Clerk of the Circuit Court administers these sales.

Refund of "excess fees" – Florida Statutes provide that the excess of the Tax Collector's fee revenue over expenditures is to be distributed to each governmental agency in the same proportion as the fees paid by the governmental agency bear to total fee income of the office. The amount of the undistributed excess fees at the end of the fiscal year is reported as amounts due to the Board of County Commissioners and other special taxing districts.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Tax Collector are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The purposes of the Tax Collector's funds are as follows:

Governmental Fund

General Fund – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Tax Collector.
 It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Fiduciary Funds

 Agency Funds – Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Tax Collector as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance and Spending Policies

In accordance with GASB Statement – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, governments are required to classify fund balance in governmental funds as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. As of September 30, 2015, there was no fund balance in the General Fund and no classification for fund balance is necessary.

As the Tax Collector is an elected official responsible for the activities of the Tax Collector's office, the Tax Collector is the highest level of decision making authority and any official order from the Tax Collector would be required to authorize commitment of fund balance.

The Tax Collector has implemented fund balance and spending policies to clearly define the process for tracking the various classifications of fund balance. The policy states when an expenditure is incurred in which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available to be used, the Tax Collector will first use restricted amounts, then committed amounts, then assigned amounts, and finally unassigned amounts.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased by the Tax Collector are recorded as expenditures. Capital assets in excess of \$1,000 are considered capital outlay. Tangible personal property used in the Tax Collector's operations is reflected in the records of Hardee County as a whole, because ownership is vested in the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners as provided by the Florida Statutes.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay

Only the amounts of unpaid vacation and sick leave that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued as current year expenditures. Total available vacation and sick leave hours are multiplied by the current pay rate to determine the accrued liability. The Tax Collector used the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method of recognizing the use of vacation and sick leave hours. Employees are charged for the last day of vacation or sick leave earned when the leave is used. Thus, unless it is anticipated that vacation or sick leave will be used in excess of a normal year's accumulation, no additional expenditures are accrued. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the General Fund.

Employees earn annual leave at varying rates depending upon the length of service as follows:

Continuous Employment	Annual Leave Earned
1 to 9 Years	10 Days
10 to 19 Years	15 Days
20 plus Years	20 Day

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay (Continued)

Sick leave accumulates for employees at the rate of one day per calendar month and is cumulative. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated sick leave, based upon the following schedule:

	Percentage
Length of Service	of Sick Leave
20 to 24 Years	25%
25 to 29 Years	37.50%
30 Plus Years	50%

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the fund financial statements is in conformity with accounting principles generally prescribed by the Auditor General, State of Florida, and requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

Based on GASB Statement – Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, certain governmental entities are required to record actuarial accrued liabilities related to Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. The Tax Collector's employees are included as part of the Postemployment Health Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) administered by the Board of County Commissioners. The OPEB Plan currently covers certain eligible retirees of the Board of County Commissioners and the Constitutional Officers of Hardee County. The OPEB Plan currently pays certain portions of healthcare insurance premiums of retirees based on years of service and other factors. The liabilities and expenses associated with the OPEB Plan are not included in the financial statements of the Tax Collector. Such liabilities and expenses are included in the County-Wide financial statements.

Other Significant Accounting Policies

Chapter 218, Florida Statutes, requires that the Constitutional Officers make an annual report to the Board of County Commissioners within 31 days of the close of their fiscal year, reflecting the excess of revenues over expenditures or the unexpended budget balance as of the close of the fiscal year. In order to comply with the State Statute, it is the policy of the Constitutional Officers that the accounting records be held open several days after the close of the fiscal year in order that all receipts and expenditures applicable to the fiscal year can be recorded in the records. The financial statements prepared on a GAAP basis reflect any receipts or disbursements made after the close of the fiscal year as receivables or payables, as applicable.

NOTE 2 CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. All cash deposits are carried at cost and are in financial institutions whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Florida Statutes require deposits by governmental units in a financial institution to be collateralized.

At September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the Tax Collector's deposits was \$331,612 and the bank balance was \$337,045. The Tax Collector's interest bearing bank balance is collateralized pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution, a qualified public depository, all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Tangible personal property used in the Tax Collector's operations is recorded as expenditure in the general fund of the Tax Collector at the time of purchase. Purchased assets with an initial cost greater than \$1,000 are capitalized at historical costs in the government-wide financial statements of the County, because ownership is vested in the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners as provided by the Florida Statutes. The Tax Collector maintains custodial responsibility for these capital assets.

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year is as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2014	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance September 30, 2015		
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 125,021	\$ 2,600	\$ -	\$ (15,168)	\$ 112,453		
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(110,975)	(9,439)		13,568	(106,846)		
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 14,046	\$ (6,839)	\$ -	\$ (1,600)	\$ 5,607		

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Tax Collector are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Tax Collector employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

NOTE 4 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan (Continued)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Tax Collector.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The County's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$68,101, \$56,124, and \$28,504, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the Hardee County's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 5 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The following is a summary of the changes in compensated absences for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Balance				Balance			Due	
	October 1,			Net	Sept	ember 30,	Within		
	2014			Change		2015	One Year		
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	8,835	\$	13,429	\$	22,264	\$	2,099	

NOTE 5 COMPENSATED ABSENCES (CONTINUED)

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued vacation and sick leave. See Note 1 for a summary of the Tax Collector's compensated absences policy. The long term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Tax Collector since they are not payable from spendable resources. They are reported in the financial statements of Hardee County.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners for the year ended September 30, 2015 were as follows:

Budget Appropriation – The General Fund of the Tax Collector received revenue from the Board of County Commissioners in the amount of \$504,021 for the year ended September 30, 2015. The General Fund of the Tax Collector payed \$101,769 to the Board of County Commissioners for Health Insurance. In addition, \$80,258 and \$3,777 was due to the Board of County Commissioners at September 30, 2015 from the General Fund and Agency Funds, respectively.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Tax Collector participates in the risk management program through the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners under a local government risk pool. The following types of risk are provided for under the risk management pool:

- Professional Liability
- Automobile Liability
- Public Officials' Liability
- Workers' Compensation

NOTE 8 CONTINGENCIES

The Tax Collector is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these lawsuits and claims should not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Tax Collector.

HARDEE COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES – ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	C	Tax Collector Fund		Motor /ehicle Fund	Total		
ASSETS	Ф.	102 221	Ф.	70 100	Ф.	265 244	
Cash Due from Individuals	\$ 	192,221 35,504	\$ 	73,123 -	\$ 	265,344 35,504	
Total Assets	\$	227,725	\$	73,123	\$	300,848	
LIABILITIES							
Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$	3,174	\$	603	\$	3,777	
Due to Other Governments		7,196		72,520		79,716	
Due to Indigent Health Care Special District		176		-		176	
Deposit - Installment Taxes		217,179				217,179	
Total Liabilities	\$	227,725	\$	73,123	\$	300,848	

HARDEE COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Balance ctober 1, 2014		Increases		Decreases	Balance tember 30, 2015
TAX COLLECTOR FUND ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 260,299	\$	28,266,649	\$	28,334,727	\$ 192,221
Due from Individuals	-		542,542		507,038	35,504
Total Assets	\$ 260,299	\$	28,809,191	\$	28,841,765	\$ 227,725
LIABILITIES						
Due to Individuals	\$ 29,877	\$	934,627	\$	964,504	\$ -
Due to Board of County Commissioners	6,770		15,133,221		15,136,817	3,174
Due to Other Governments	6,436		11,990,925		11,990,165	7,196
Due to Indigent Health Care Special District	206		533,239		533,269	176
Deposit - Installment Taxes	217,010		217,179		217,010	217,179
Total Liabilities	\$ 260,299	\$	28,809,191	\$	28,841,765	\$ 227,725
MOTOR VEHICLE FUND ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 23,559	\$	3,179,296	\$	3,129,732	\$ 73,123
Total Assets	\$ 23,559	\$	3,179,296	\$	3,129,732	\$ 73,123
LIABILITIES						
Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$ 650	\$	6,603	\$	6,650	\$ 603
Due to Other Governments	22,909		3,172,693		3,123,082	72,520
Total Liabilities	\$ 23,559	\$	3,179,296	\$	3,129,732	\$ 73,123
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 283,858	\$	31,445,945	\$	31,464,459	\$ 265,344
Due from Individuals	 		542,542		507,038	 35,504
Total Assets	\$ 283,858	\$	31,988,487	\$	31,971,497	\$ 300,848
LIABILITIES						
Due to Individuals	\$ 29,877	\$	934,627	\$	964,504	\$ -
Due to Board of County Commissioners	7,420		15,139,824		15,143,467	3,777
Due to Other Governments	29,345		15,163,618		15,113,247	79,716
Due to Indigent Health Care Special District	206		533,239		533,269	176
Deposit - Installment Taxes	 217,010	_	217,179	_	217,010	 217,179
Total Liabilities	\$ 283,858	\$	31,988,487	\$	31,971,497	\$ 300,848





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Jacki Johnson Hardee County Tax Collector Hardee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardee County Tax Collector, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hardee County Tax Collector's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hardee County Tax Collector's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hardee County Tax Collector's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hardee County Tax Collector's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hardee County Tax Collector's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Hardee County Tax Collector's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hardee County Tax Collector's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 21, 2016





MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Jacki Johnson Hardee County Tax Collector Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Hardee County Tax Collector, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated January 21, 2016.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated January 21, 2016, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 in the financial statements.



The Honorable Jacki Johnson Hardee County Tax Collector

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Hardee County Tax Collector and applicable management, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extend to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying report or other matters.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 21, 2016

HARDEE COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES CURRENT YEAR AND PRIOR YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Current Year Findings

No Current Findings Noted

Prior Years Findings

Prior Years Findings		Current Year Status			
		Cleared	Partially	Not	
			Cleared	Cleared	Reference
2014-001 - Bank Reconciliations	onciliations Control X				
	Deficiency	^			
2013-01 - Inadequate	Material				
Segregation of Duties	Weakness	Χ			
2013-02 - Bank Reconciliations	Control Deficiency	Х			



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Jacki Johnson Hardee County Tax Collector Hardee County, Florida

We have examined Hardee County Tax Collector's (Tax Collector) compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds, during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Tax Collector's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Tax Collector's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Tax Collector's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Tax Collector complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Tax Collector and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 21, 2016



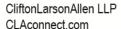
HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Victoria L. Rogers
Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court
Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statement

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information for the Clerk as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Hardee County that is attributable to the Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Hardee County as of September 30, 2015, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statement is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court financial statements. The combining schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report on our consideration of the Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida March 8, 2016

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Major Funds								
						Public				
						Records				Total
			I	ine and	Мо	dernization	n Child			vernmental
	(General	F	orfeiture		Trust	Su	pport IV-D		Funds
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	49,550	\$	272,357	\$	228,078	\$	143,080	\$	693,065
Due from Individuals		-		10		-		-		10
Due from Other Funds		1,162		22,291		10,613		-		34,066
Due from Other Governments		720		96		-		9,135		9,951
Prepaid Expense		1,233		2,387						3,620
Total Assets	_\$	52,665	\$	297,141	\$	238,691	\$	152,215	\$	740,712
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$	42,060	\$	237,310	\$	2,321	\$	3,087	\$	284,778
Due to Other Funds		10,605		7		23,454		-		34,066
Due to Other Governments				59,824		_		_		59,824
Total Liabilities		52,665		297,141		25,775		3,087		378,668
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		1,233		2,387		-		-		3,620
Restricted - Clerk Operational Needs		-		-		-		149,128		149,128
Restricted - Official Records		-		-		131,660		-		131,660
Restricted - Court Technology		-		-		7,065		-		7,065
Restricted - Court Operational Needs		-		-		74,191		-		74,191
Unassigned		(1,233)		(2,387)		_		-		(3,620)
Total Fund Balances		-				212,916		149,128		362,044
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	52,665	\$	297,141	\$	238,691	\$	152,215	\$	740,712

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Major Funds									
	Public									
					F	Records				Total
			F	ine and	Mod	dernization	n Child		Go	vernmental
	General		Forfeiture		Trust		Support IV-D			Funds
REVENUES										
Appropriations from Board of County Commissioners	\$	492,250	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	492,250
Intergovernmental		-		426		-		56,811		57,237
Charges for Services		83,179		795,585		85,438		-		964,202
Miscellaneous		1,306		3,474		538		860		6,178
Total Revenues		576,735		799,485		85,976		57,671		1,519,867
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government:										
Salaries and Benefits		510,197		778,587		31,709		66,451		1,386,944
Operating Expenditures		55,121		20,898		63,529		14,209		153,757
Capital Outlay		11,417		-		25,422		5,020		41,859
Total Expenditures		576,735		799,485		120,660		85,680		1,582,560
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		(34,684)		(28,009)		(62,693)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						247,600		177,137		424,737
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	_	\$	212,916	\$	149,128	\$	362,044

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted	I Ama	ounts			Final E	nce with Budget - sitive
	 Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
REVENUES	 Original		T III CII		riotadi	(110)	gativo)
Appropriations from Board of							
County Commissioners	\$ 492,250	\$	492,250	\$	492,250	\$	_
Charges for Services	80,400		83,180		83,179		(1)
Miscellaneous	-		1,307		1,306		(1)
Total Revenues	572,650		576,737		576,735		(2)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government:							
Salaries and Benefits	522,050		510,197		510,197		-
Operating Expenditures	50,600		55,123		55,121		2
Capital Outlay	 -		11,417		11,417		-
Total Expenditures	 572,650		576,737		576,735		2
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-		-		-		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfer to Board of County Commissioners	_		-		_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		-		-		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 						
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	_	\$		\$	-

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FINE AND FORFEITURE FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Budgeted Priginal	Amo	unts Final	Actual	Final Po	nce with budget - sitive gative)
REVENUES	_	0.50	_	400	400		
Intergovernmental	\$	250	\$	426	\$ 426	\$	-
Charges for Services		839,477		795,585	795,585		-
Miscellaneous		-		3,474	 3,474		
Total Revenues		839,727		799,485	799,485		-
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government:							
Salaries and Benefits		796,290		778,587	778,587		-
Operating Expenditures		43,437		20,898	 20,898		-
Total Expenditures		839,727		799,485	 799,485		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		-	-		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Distribution of Excess Court							
Revenue to the State of Florida		_		_	_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		_	 -		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-	-		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	,				 		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC RECORDS MODERNIZATION TRUST FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Budgeted	l Amo			A -41	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive
REVENUES		Original		Final		Actual	(1	Negative)
	r.	240 440	Ф	222 025	æ	05 420	φ	(247 507)
Charges for Services	\$	240,419	\$	333,035	\$	85,438	\$	(247,597)
Miscellaneous				539		538		(1)
Total Revenues		240,419		333,574		85,976		(247,598)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government:								
Salaries and Benefits		17,517		31,709		31,709		_
Operating Expenditures		202,902		273,729		63,529		210,200
Capital Outlay		20,000		28,136		25,422		2,714
Total Expenditures		240,419		333,574		120,660		212,914
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		(34,684)		(34,684)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						247,600		247,600
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$	212,916	\$	212,916

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHILD SUPPORT IV – D FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	5				Fin	riance with al Budget -
	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Positive
	 Original		Final	 Actual	1)	Negative)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental	\$ 192,127	\$	233,947	\$ 56,811	\$	(177, 136)
Miscellaneous	_		859	860		1
Total Revenues	192,127		234,806	57,671		(177,135)
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government:						
Salaries and Benefits	32,795		66,451	66,451		-
Operating Expenditures	157,832		163,335	14,209		149,126
Capital Outlay	1,500		5,020	5,020		-
Total Expenditures	192,127		234,806	85,680		149,126
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		-	(28,009)		(28,009)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				177,137		177,137
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$		\$ 149,128	\$	149,128

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS	S
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Cash	\$ 141,411
Total Assets	\$ 141,411
LIABILITIES	
Due to Individuals	\$ 95,371
Vouchers Payable	1,261
Due to Other Governments	 44,779
Total Liabilities	\$ 141,411

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Clerk of Circuit Court (the "Clerk") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Reporting Entity

Hardee County, Florida is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and an appointed County Administrator, as provided by Section 125.73 of the Florida Statutes. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of Florida.

These financial statements are fund financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with the reporting guidelines established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and accounting practices prescribed by the Auditor General, State of Florida. The basic financial statements for the County as a whole, which includes of the funds of the Clerk, were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Clerk is an elected official of Hardee County, Florida pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Clerk is part of the primary government of Hardee County, Florida. The Clerk is responsible for the administration and operation of the Clerk's office. The Clerk's financial statements include only the funds of the Clerk's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Clerk is considered to be financially accountable.

The Clerk funds operations as a Fee Officer and a Budget Officer pursuant to Florida Statutes Chapters 28, 218 and 129, respectively. As a Fee Officer, the Clerk collects fees and commissions from court related matters. As a Budget Officer, the operations as Clerk to the Board are approved and funded by the Board. The budgeted receipts from the Board are recorded as revenue on the Clerk's financial statements and as other financing uses on the Board's financial statements. Any excess of revenues and other financing sources received over expenditures as Clerk to the Board are remitted to the Board at year-end.

Court related fees collected by the Clerk in carrying out his duties are used to fund the court functions of the Clerk of Courts.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which requires the Clerk to present only fund financial statements. Accordingly, due to the omission of government-wide financial statements and related disclosures, including management's discussion and analysis, these financial statements do not constitute a complete presentation of financial position of the Clerk as of September 30, 2015 and the changes in its financial position for the year ended, in conformity with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, but otherwise constitute financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

All governmental funds and agency funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, expenditures are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred and revenues are recorded when received in cash or when they are considered both measurable and available, and, as such, are susceptible to accrual.

Budgetary Requirement – Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in the Florida Statues.

General governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with the Florida Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the general, fine and forfeiture, records modernization and child support IV-D funds. All budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements have been adjusted for legally authorized amendments of the annual budget for the year.

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual (GAAP) basis of accounting.

The Clerk's annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level. All appropriations lapse at year-end.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Clerk are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The purposes of the Clerk's funds are as follows:

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Major Funds

General Fund – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Clerk. It is
used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted
for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

- Fine and Forfeiture Fund The fine and forfeiture fund is established in accordance with Florida Statutes. It is used to account for court fines, fees, service charges, liabilities, and costs.
- Public Records Modernization Trust Fund The records modernization fund is established in accordance with Florida Statutes. It is used to account for court technology, equipment, maintenance of equipment, personnel training, and technical assistance in modernizing the Public Records system of the office, clerk court-related operational needs and program enhancement costs.
- Child Support IV-D Fund The child support IV-D fund is used to account for the child support enforcement grant and related expenditures.

Other Fund Types - Fiduciary Funds

 Agency Funds – The agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Clerk as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Fund Balance and Spending Policies

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, governments are required to classify fund balance in governmental funds as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. As of September 30, 2015, there was no fund balance in the General Fund and Fine and Forfeitures and the remaining fund balances in the Public Records Modernization Trust and Child Support IV-D Funds are appropriately classified as restricted.

As the Clerk is an elected official responsible for the activities of the Clerk's office, the Clerk is the highest level of decision making authority and any official order from the Clerk would be required to authorize commitment of fund balance. Also, the accounting manager has been given the authority to assign fund balance for a specific purpose.

The Clerk has implemented fund balance and spending policies to clearly define the process for tracking the various classifications of fund balance. The policy states when an expenditure is incurred in which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available to be used, the Clerk will first use restricted amounts, then committed amounts, then assigned amounts, and finally unassigned amounts

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay

Only the amount of unpaid vacation and sick leave that normally would be expendable available financial resources is accrued as current year expenditures. Total available vacation and sick leave hours are multiplied by the current pay rate to determine the accrued liability. Employees are charged for the last day of vacation or sick leave when the leave is used. Thus, unless it is anticipated that vacation or sick leave will be used in excess of a normal year's accumulation, no additional expenditures are accrued. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the general fund.

Employees earn annual leave at varying rates depending on the length of service as follows:

	Annual Leave
Length of Service	Earned
0-10 Years	15 days
11-20 Years	20 days
21 Years and Over	25 days

The maximum permissible accumulation of annual leave is as follows:

	Maximum
	Number of
Length of Service	Hours
0-10 Years	120
11-20 Years	160
21 Years and Over	200

Any accumulation in excess of maximum number of hours of annual leave at December 31 of each year is lost. At termination, employees are paid for all accumulated leave earned.

Sick leave accumulates for employees at the rate of one day per calendar month and is cumulative. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated sick leave, based on the following schedule:

	Percent of Sick
Length of Service	Leave
0-20 Years	0.0%
21-24 Years	25.0%
25-29 Years	37.5%
30 Years and Over	50.0%

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements is in conformity with accounting principles prescribed by the Auditor General, State of Florida, and requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligation

Based on GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, certain governmental entities are required to record actuarial accrued liabilities related to Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employees who retire from employment with the Clerk under the Hardee County-sponsored pension plan are also entitled to participate in the County Group Health Plan on the same basis (i.e. single or family coverage) that they were covered immediately before their retirement provided they make a satisfactory agreement for payment and pay 100% of the premium before the beginning of the month of coverage. The OPEB Plan currently covers certain eligible retirees of the Board of County Commissioners and the Constitutional Officers of Hardee County. The liabilities and expenses associated with the OPEB Plan are not included in the financial statements of the Clerk. Such liabilities and expenses are included in the financial statements of Hardee County, Florida.

Other Significant Accounting Policies

Chapter 218, Florida Statutes, requires that the Constitutional Officers make an annual report to the Board of County Commissioners within 31 days of the close of their fiscal year, reflecting the excess of revenues over expenditures or the unexpended budget balance as of the close of the fiscal year. In order to comply with the State Statute, it is the policy of the Constitutional Officers that the accounting records be held open several days after the close of their fiscal year in order that all receipts and expenditures applicable to the fiscal year can be recorded in the records. The financial statements prepared on a GAAP basis reflect any receipts or disbursements made after the close of the fiscal year as receivables or payables, as applicable.

NOTE 2 CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

At September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the Clerk's deposits was \$834,476 and the bank balance was \$839,177. The Clerk's noninterest bearing bank balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for each banking relationship. The remaining balances and interest bearing bank accounts are collateralized pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution, a qualified public depository, all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Tangible personal property used in the Clerk's operations is recorded as expenditure in the governmental fund types of the Clerk at the time of purchase. Purchased assets with an initial cost greater than \$1,000 are capitalized at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements of the County, because ownership is vested in the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners, as provided by the Florida Statutes. Donated and confiscated assets are recorded at fair market value at the time received. The Clerk maintains record keeping and custodial responsibility for the capital assets. The Clerk transferred \$44,505 in assets and \$44,505 in related deprecation to the Board of County Commissioners in fiscal year 2015.

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for which the Clerk is custodian for the year ended September 30, 2015.

	Balance				1	Balance
	October 1,				Sep	tember 30,
	2014	Additions	Disposals	Transfers		2015
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 510,065	\$ 41,859	\$ -	\$ (44,505)	\$	507,419
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(422,244)	(34,505)		44,505		(412,244)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 87,821	\$ 7,354	\$ -	\$ -	\$	95,175

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Background (Continued)

Essentially all regular employees of the Clerk are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (Continued)

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Clerk employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan (Continued)

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Clerk.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Clerk's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$101,859, \$87,550, and \$58,577 respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County-wide financial statements.

NOTE 5 DUE FROM AND DUE TO OTHER FUNDS

The balances of due from and due to other funds were as follows at September 30, 2015:

D	ue trom	L	Due to		
Oth	er Funds	Oth	Other Funds		
\$	1,162	\$	10,605		
	22,291		7		
	10,613		23,454		
\$	34,066	\$	34,066		
		22,291 10,613	Other Funds Oth \$ 1,162 \$ 22,291 10,613		

NOTE 6 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The following is a summary of the changes in compensated absences for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Balance				В	Balance	Due		
	Oc	tober 1,		Net September 30,			1	Within	
	2014 Additions		ditions		2015	One Year			
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	54,314	\$	7,391	\$	61,705	\$	61,705	

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued vacation and sick leave. See Note 1 for a summary of the Clerk's compensated absences policy. The long term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Clerk since they are not payable from spendable resources. They are reported in the financial statements of Hardee County, Florida.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners for the year ended September 30, 2015 were as follows:

<u>Budget Appropriation</u> – The General Fund of the Clerk received payments from the Board of County Commissioners for non-court related and accounting services in the amount of \$492,250 for the year ended September 30, 2015.

<u>Various Services</u> – The Board of County Commissioners provides various services to the Clerk. The charges for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 amounted to \$214,939.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Clerk participates in the risk management program through the Board under a local government risk management pool. The following types of risk are provided for under the risk management pool:

- Property and General Liability
- Automobile Liability
- Public Officials' Liability
- Workers' Compensation

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Spec Trus		Support	Court Registry		ounty itness	Cash Bond		emnation t-of-Way	Age	Total ncy Funds
ASSETS Cash	\$ 81	,454	1,261	\$ 10,840	\$	309	\$ 42,095	\$	5,452	\$	141,411
Total Assets	\$ 81	454 \$	1,261	\$ 10,840	\$	309	\$ 42,095	\$	5,452	\$	141,411
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$ 36	.969 \$	s -	\$ 10,840	\$	15	\$ 42,095	\$	5,452	\$	95,371
Vouchers Payable Due to Other Governments		.485	1,261 -	\$ 10,040 - -	Ψ	294	\$ 42,095 - -	φ		Ψ 	1,261 44,779
Total Liabilities	\$ 81	,454	1,261	\$ 10,840	\$	309	\$ 42,095	\$	5,452	\$	141,411

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – ALL AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	ŀ	Balance					В	alance	
	October 1,						September 30,		
		2014 Increases (Decreases)		ecreases)_	2015				
SPECIAL TRUST									
ASSETS									
Cash	\$	149,302	\$ ^	1,953,274	\$ (2,021,122)	\$	81,454	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Individuals	\$	29,323	\$	98,313	\$	(90,667)	\$	36,969	
Due to Other Governments		119,979	•	1,678,529	(1,754,023)		44,485	
Due to Board of									
County Commissioners				176,432		(176,432)		-	
Total Liabilities	\$	149,302	\$ ^	1,953,274	\$ (2,021,122)	\$	81,454	
SUPPORT									
ASSETS									
Cash	\$	745	\$	22,634	\$	(22,118)	\$	1,261	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Individuals	\$	-	\$	6,553	\$	(6,553)	\$	-	
Vouchers Payable		745		11,317		(10,801)		1,261	
Due to Other Governments		-		4,764		(4,764)		-	
Total Liabilities	\$	745	\$	22,634	\$	(22,118)	\$	1,261	
COURT REGISTRY									
ASSETS									
Cash	\$	34,503	\$	199,295	\$	(222,958)	\$	10,840	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Individuals	\$	34,503	\$	199,295	\$	(222,958)	\$	10,840	

HARDEE COUNTY CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – ALL AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Balance ctober 1, 2014	lr	ocreases	<u>(D</u>	ecreases)		Balance September 30, 2015	
COUNTY WITNESS ASSETS									
Cash	\$	309	\$		\$		\$	309	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Individuals	\$	15	\$	-	\$	-	\$	15	
Due to Other Governments Total Liabilities	\$	294 309	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	294 309	
CASH BOND ASSETS									
Cash	\$	23,415	\$	119,920	\$	(101,240)	\$	42,095	
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$	23,415	\$	119,920	Φ	(101,240)	\$	42,095	
	Ψ	20,410	Ψ	119,920	Ψ	(101,240)	Ψ	72,033	
CONDEMNATION RIGHT-OF-WAY ASSETS									
Cash	\$	7,390	\$	650,368	\$	(652,306)	\$	5,452	
LIABILITIES	_								
Due to Individuals	\$	7,390	\$	650,368	\$	(652,306)	\$	5,452	
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS									
Cash	\$	215,664	\$ 2	2,945,491	\$ (3,019,744)	\$	141,411	
LIABILITIES									
Due to Individuals	\$	94,646	\$ '	1,074,449	\$ (1,073,724)	\$	95,371	
Vouchers Payable Due to Other Governments		745 120,273		11,317 1,683,293	,	(10,801) (1,758,787)		1,261	
Due to Other Governments Due to Board of		120,213		1,003,293	(1,730,707)		44,779	
County Commissioners				176,432		(176,432)		_	
Total Liabilities	\$	215,664	\$ 2	2,945,491	\$ (3,019,744)	\$	141,411	





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Victoria L. Rogers
Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court
Hardee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Clerk's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Clerk's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Clerk's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Clerk's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

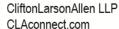
Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida March 8, 2016





MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Victoria L. Rogers
Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court
Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Hardee County, Florida Clerk of the Circuit Court (Clerk) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2016.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which is dated March 8, 2016 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This information is disclosed in Note 1 in the financial statements.



The Honorable Victoria L. Rogers Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Clerk and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida March 8, 2016





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

Victoria L. Rogers
Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court
Hardee County, Florida

We have examined Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds; Section 61.181, Florida Statutes, regarding alimony and child support payments; and Sections 28.35 and 28.36, Florida Statutes, regarding clerks of court performance standards and budgets, during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Hardee County Clerk of the Circuit Court and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Lakeland, Florida March 8, 2016



ton Larson Allen LLP

HARDEE COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

HARDEE COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Kathy Crawford Property Appraiser Wauchula, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the major fund of the Hardee County Property Appraiser (Property Appraiser), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



The Honorable Kathy Crawford Hardee County Property Appraiser

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the major fund of the Hardee County Property Appraiser as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Hardee County that is attributable to the Hardee County Property Appraiser. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Hardee County as of September 30, 2015, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statement is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2016, on our consideration of Hardee County Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hardee County Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 25, 2016

HARDEE COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS Cash	\$ 111,016
Total Assets	\$ 111,016
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$ 106,098
Due to Special Taxing Districts Total Liabilities	 4,918
FUND BALANCE	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 111,016

HARDEE COUNTY PROPERTY APPRAISER STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

						Fina	riance with al Budget -
		Budgeted	Amo				Positive
	(Original		Final	 Actual	(١	Negative)
REVENUES							
Charges for Services:							
Board of County Commissioners	\$	687,517	\$	687,517	\$ 687,517	\$	-
Other Governments		31,869		31,869	31,869		-
Interest Income		200		200	200		-
Miscellaneous		2,649		2,649	 2,649		
Total Revenues		722,235		722,235	722,235		-
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government:							
Personal Services		581,883		570,103	492,644		77,459
Operating Expenditures		137,503		153,080	117,515		35,565
Capital Outlay		-		1,060	1,060		-
Total Expenditures		719,386		724,243	611,219		113,024
EXCESS OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		2,849		(2,008)	111,016		113,024
Other Financing Uses:							
Distribution of Excess Revenues:							
Board of County Commissioners		_		_	(106,098)		(106,098)
Special Taxing Districts		_		_	(4,918)		(4,918)
Total Other Financing Uses					(111,016)		(111,016)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,849		(2,008)	-		2,008
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year					 		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	2,849	\$	(2,008)	\$ 	\$	2,008

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Property Appraiser conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Reporting Entity

Hardee County, Florida is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and an appointed County Administrator, as provided by Section 125.73 of the Florida Statutes. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of Florida.

These financial statements are fund financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with the reporting guidelines established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and accounting practices prescribed by the Auditor General of the State of Florida. The basic financial statements for the County as a whole, which includes the funds of the Property Appraiser, are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Hardee County Property Appraiser (Property Appraiser) is an elected official of Hardee County, Florida pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Property Appraiser is part of the primary government of Hardee County, Florida. Although the Board and the Florida Department of Revenue approve the Property Appraiser's total operating budget, the Property Appraiser is responsible for the administration and the operation of the Property Appraiser's office. The Property Appraiser's financial statements include only the funds of the Property Appraiser's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Property Appraiser is considered to be financially accountable.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits, which allows the Property Appraiser to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Hardee County, Florida that are attributable to the Property Appraiser. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Hardee County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

The general fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Property Appraiser. It is presented as a major governmental fund, which uses the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to accumulated compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payments are due.

Fees earned by the Property Appraiser (equal to the amount of the amended budget) are billed quarterly to the Board and other governmental agencies in proportion to prior year taxes levied. By statute, municipalities and school boards are exempt.

The County funds a major portion of the operating budget of the Property Appraiser. The payments by the County to fund the operations of the Property Appraiser are recorded as other financing uses, transfers to constitutional officers for governmental fund types in the basic financial statements of the County, and as charges for services revenues on the financial statements of the Property Appraiser.

Budgetary requirement - Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in the Florida Statutes.

A budget is legally adopted for the general fund, and is on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary control is at the expenditure classification level (personal services, operating expenditures, capital outlay). Budgetary changes within expenditure classification are made at the discretion of the Property Appraiser. Amendments between expenditure classifications must be submitted to the State of Florida Department of Revenue for approval. The budgeted revenues and expenditures in the accompanying financial statements reflect all approved amendments.

Refund of "excess fees" - Florida Statutes provide that the excess of the Property Appraiser's fee revenue over expenditures is to be distributed to each governmental agency in the same proportion as the fees paid by the governmental agency bear to total fee income of the office. The amount of undistributed excess fees at the end of the fiscal year is reported as amounts due to the board of county commissioners and other special taxing districts.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Property Appraiser are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The purpose of the Property Appraiser's fund is as follows:

Governmental Fund

• **General Fund** – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Property Appraiser. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Fund Balance and Spending Policies

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, governments are required to classify fund balance in governmental funds as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. As of September 30, 2015, there was no fund balance in the General Fund and no classification for fund balance is necessary.

As the Property Appraiser is an elected official responsible for the activities of the Property Appraiser's office, the Appraiser is the highest level of decision making authority and any official order from the Property Appraiser would be required to authorize commitment of fund balance.

The Property Appraiser has implemented fund balance and spending policies to clearly define the process for tracking the various classifications of fund balance. The policy states when an expenditure is incurred in which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available to be used, the Property Appraiser will first use restricted amounts, then committed amounts, then assigned amounts, and finally unassigned amounts.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased by the Appraiser are recorded as expenditures. Capital assets in excess of \$1,000 are considered capital outlay. Tangible personal property used in the Property Appraiser's operations is reflected in the records of Hardee County as a whole, because ownership is vested in the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners as provided by Florida Statutes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay

Only the amounts of unpaid vacation and sick leave that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued as current year expenditures. Total available vacation and sick leave hours are multiplied by the current pay rate to determine the accrued liability. The Property Appraiser used the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method of recognizing the use of vacation and sick leave hours. Employees are charged for the last day of vacation or sick leave earned when the leave is used. Thus, unless it is anticipated that vacation or sick leave will be used in excess of a normal year's accumulation, no additional expenditures are accrued. Accordingly, the liability for compensated absences is not reported in the General Fund.

Employees earn annual leave at varying rates depending upon the length of service as follows:

Continuous Employment	Annual Leave Earned
1 st – 6 th Year	10 Days
7 th – 9 th Year	12 Days
10 th – 15 th Year	15 Days
16 th – 19 th Year	17 Days
20 Years Plus	20 Days

The maximum permissible accumulation of annual leave is 160 hours. Any accumulation in excess of 160 hours of annual leave at December 31 of each year is lost. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated annual leave up to 160 hours.

Sick leave accumulates for employees at the rate of one day per calendar month and is cumulative. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated sick leave, based upon the following schedule:

Length of Service	Percentage of Sick Leave
20 – 24 Years	25%
25 – 29 Years	35.5%
30 Years Plus	50%

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the fund financial statements is in conformity with accounting principles generally prescribed by the Auditor General, State of Florida, and requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

Based on GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, certain governmental entities are required to record actuarial accrued liabilities related to Other Post-employment Benefit Plans. The Property Appraiser's employees are included as part of the Post-employment Health Benefits Plan (OPEB Plan) administered by the Board of County Commissioners. The OPEB Plan currently covers certain eligible retirees of the Board of County Commissioners and the Constitutional Officers of Hardee County. The OPEB Plan currently pays certain portions of healthcare insurance premiums of retirees based on years of service and other factors. The liabilities and expenses associated with the OPEB Plan are not included in the financial statements of the Property Appraiser. Such liabilities and expenses are included in the County-wide financial statements.

Other Significant Accounting Policies

Chapter 218, Florida Statutes, requires that the Constitutional Officers make an annual report to the Board of County Commissioners, within 31 days of the close of their fiscal year, reflecting the excess of revenues over expenditures or the unexpended budget balance as of the close of the fiscal year. In order to comply with the State Statute, it is the policy of the Constitutional Officers that the accounting records be held open several days after the close of their fiscal year in order that all receipts and expenditures applicable to the fiscal year can be recorded in the records. The financial statements prepared on a GAAP basis reflect any receipts or disbursements made after the close of the fiscal year as receivables or payables, as applicable.

NOTE 2 CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Property Appraiser will not be able to recover the value of its securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At September 30, 2015, the Property Appraiser's book balance of cash was \$111,016 and the bank balance was \$121,528. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures the Property Appraiser's bank balances for \$250,000 for each banking relationship and the balances are collateralized pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. The Property Appraiser's investment policy requires that deposits be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution, (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Tangible personal property used in the Property Appraiser's operations is recorded as an expenditure in the general fund of the Property Appraiser at the time of purchase. Purchased assets are capitalized at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements of the County. The Property Appraiser maintains custodial responsibility for these capital assets.

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year is as follows:

		Balance ctober 1, 2014	Additions Disposals				Balance September 30, 2015		
Machinery and Equipment Vehicles	\$	103,126 70,891	\$	1,060	\$	(2,800)	\$	101,386 70,891	
Total Capital Assets		174,017		1,060		(2,800)		172,277	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	-	(112,299)		(12,954)		2,800		(122,453)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	61,718	\$	(11,894)	\$		\$	49,824	

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Property Appraiser are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Property Appraiser employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Property Appraiser.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Property Appraiser's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$61,137, \$59,245, and \$30,398 respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the County-wide financial statements.

NOTE 5 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The following is a summary of the changes in compensated absences for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Ва	alance			Ва	alance	Αı	mount	
	Oct	ober 1,		Net	Septe	ember 30,	Due	Within	
	2	2014	Deletions			2015	One Year		
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	6,556	\$	1,479	\$	8,035	\$	7,835	

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued vacation and sick leave. See Note 1 for a summary of the Property Appraiser's compensated absences policy. The long-term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Appraiser since they are not payable from spendable resources. They are reported in the financial statements of Hardee County.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners for the year ended September 30, 2015 were as follows:

Budget Appropriation – The General Fund of the Property Appraiser received revenue from the Board of County Commissioners in the amount of \$687,517 for the year ended September 30, 2015. At September 30, 2015, \$106,098 was due to the Board of County Commissioners.

Various Services – The Board of County Commissioners provides various services to the Property Appraiser. The charges for these services for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 amounted to \$71,300.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Property Appraiser is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Appraiser participates in the risk management program through the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners under a local government risk management pool. The following types of risk are provided for under the risk management pool:

- Property and General Liability
- Automobile Liability
- Public Officials' Liability
- Workers' Compensation

There have been no decreases in coverage nor have there been any settlements in excess of coverage in any of the three prior years.

NOTE 8 CONTINGENCIES

The Property Appraiser is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of legal counsel for the Property Appraiser, the resolution of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the financial condition of the Property Appraiser.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Kathy Crawford Property Appraiser Wauchula, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund of Hardee County Property Appraiser, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Hardee County Property Appraiser's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hardee County Property Appraiser's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hardee County Property Appraiser's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hardee County Property Appraiser's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



The Honorable Kathy Crawford Hardee County Property Appraiser

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hardee County Properly Appraiser's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, FL January 25, 2016



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Kathy Crawford Property Appraiser Wauchula. Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Hardee County Property Appraiser (Property Appraiser), as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2016.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in that report, which are dated January 25, 2016, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. In connection with our audit, we did not have any prior audit findings.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.



The Honorable Kathy Crawford Hardee County Property Appraiser

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Property Appraiser and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 25, 2016



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Kathy Crawford Hardee County Property Appraiser Wauchula, Florida

We have examined the Hardee County Property Appraiser's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Property Appraiser's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Property Appraiser's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Property Appraiser's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Property Appraiser complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Property Appraiser and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 25, 2016



HARDEE COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

HARDEE COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Chet Huddleston Supervisor of Elections Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the general fund of the Hardee County Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



The Honorable Chet Huddleston Hardee County Supervisor of Elections

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the general fund of the Supervisor as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of the general fund of Hardee County that is attributable to the Supervisor. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Hardee County as of September 30, 2015, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statement is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 26, 2016 on our consideration of the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters included under the heading Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 26, 2016

HARDEE COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS Cash Accounts Receivable	\$ 14,144 90
Due from the Board of County Commissioners Prepaid Expenditures	 1,597
Total Assets	\$ 15,831
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Board of County Commissioners	\$ 14,911 920
Total Liabilities	 15,831
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Unassigned	 1,597 (1,597)
Total Fund Balance	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 15,831

HARDEE COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	5					ance with
	Budgeted	Amo				Over
	 Original		Final	 Actual	(Under)
REVENUES						
Appropriation from Board of						
County Commissioners	\$ 302,629	\$	302,629	\$ 308,629	\$	6,000
Intergovernmental	6,000		6,000	-		(6,000)
Interest Income	_		-	8		8
Miscellaneous	_		-	705		705
Total Revenues	308,629		308,629	309,342		713
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government:						
Salaries and Benefits	201,675		201,675	197,673		(4,002)
Operating Expenditures	100,954		100,954	109,683		8,729
Capital Outlay	6,000		6,000	1,066		(4,934)
Total Expenditures	308,629		308,629	308,422		(207)
EXCESS OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	 			 920		920
Other Financing Uses:						
Transfer to the Board of County						
Commissioners	-			 (920)		(920)
Total Other Financing Uses	 			(920)		(920)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-	-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ _	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Supervisor conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Reporting Entity

Hardee County, Florida is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and an appointed County Administrator, as provided by Section 125.73 of the Florida Statutes. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of Florida.

These financial statements are fund financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with the reporting guidelines established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and accounting practices prescribed by the Auditor General, State of Florida. The basic financial statements for the County as a whole, which includes the funds of the Supervisor of Elections, were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Hardee County Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor) is an elected official of Hardee County, Florida pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Supervisor is part of the primary government of Hardee County, Florida. The Board approves the Supervisor's total operating budget. The Supervisor is responsible for the administration and the operation of the Supervisor's office and the financial statements include only the funds of the Supervisor's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Supervisor is considered to be financially accountable.

The Board funds the operations of the Supervisor. The receipts from the Board are recorded as revenue on the Supervisor's financial statements. Any excess of revenues and other financing sources received over expenditures are remitted to the Board at year-end.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which allows the Supervisor of Elections to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Hardee County, Florida that are attributable to the Supervisor of Elections. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Hardee County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

The general fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the Supervisor. It is presented as a major governmental fund, which uses the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to accumulated compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payments are due.

The County funds the majority of the operating budget of the Supervisor. The payments by the County to fund the operations of the Supervisor are recorded as expenditures for salaries and benefits, operating expenditures, and capital outlay in governmental fund types in the financial statements of the County, and as appropriations revenues on the basic financial statements of the Supervisor.

Budgetary requirement - Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in the Florida Statutes.

A budget is legally adopted for the general fund, and is on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Budgetary control is at the expenditure classification level (salaries and benefits, operating expenditures, capital outlay). Budgetary changes within expenditure classification are made at the discretion of the Supervisor. The budgeted revenues and expenditures in the accompanying financial statements reflect all approved amendments.

The Supervisor's annual budget is monitored at varying levels of classification detail. However, for purposes of budgetary control, expenditures cannot legally exceed the total annual budget appropriations at the individual fund level.

Refund of "excess fees" - Florida Statutes provide that the excess of the Supervisor's fee revenue over expenditures is to be distributed to each governmental agency in the same proportion as the fees paid by the governmental agency bear to total fee income of the office. The amount of undistributed excess fees at the end of the fiscal year is reported as amounts due to the Board of County Commissioners.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Supervisor are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

The purpose of the Supervisor's fund is as follows:

Governmental Fund

• **General Fund** – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Supervisor. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Fund Balance and Spending Policies

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, governments are required to classify fund balance in governmental funds as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

As the Supervisor is an elected official responsible for the activities of the Supervisor's office, the Supervisor is the highest level of decision making authority and any official order from the Supervisor would be required to authorize commitment of fund balance.

The Supervisor has implemented fund balance and spending policies to clearly define the process for tracking the various classifications of fund balance. The policy states when an expenditure is incurred in which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available to be used, the Supervisor will first use restricted amounts, then committed amounts, then assigned amounts, and finally unassigned amounts.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased by the Supervisor are recorded as expenditures. Tangible personal property whose purchase cost is greater than \$1,000 that is used in the Supervisor's operations is reflected in the records of Hardee County as a whole, because ownership is vested in the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners as provided by Florida Statutes.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Accumulated Annual Leave

Full time employees earn annual leave at varying rates depending upon the length of service as follows:

Continuous Employment	<u>Annual Leave Earned</u>
1st – 5th Year	10 Days
6th – 10th Year	15 Days
11 Years Plus	20 Days

The maximum permissible accumulation of annual leave is 187.5 hours. Any accumulation in excess of 187.5 hours of annual leave at December 31 of each year is paid out, if funding permits. At termination, employees are paid for any accumulated annual leave up to 187.5 hours.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the fund financial statements is in conformity with accounting principles generally prescribed by the Auditor General, State of Florida, and requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

Based on GASB Statement No. 45 – Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions, certain governmental entities are required to record actuarial accrued liabilities related to Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employees who retire from employment with the Supervisor under the Hardee County-sponsored pension plan are also entitled to participate in the County Group Health Plan on the same basis (i.e. single or family coverage) that they were covered immediately before their retirement provided they make a satisfactory agreement for payment and pay 100% of the premium before the beginning of each month of coverage. The OPEB Plan currently covers eligible retirees based on years of service and other factors. The liabilities and expenses associated with the OPEB Plan are not included in the financial statements of the Supervisor. Such liabilities and expenses are included in the government-wide financial statements of Hardee County, Florida.

Other Significant Accounting Policies

Chapter 218, Florida Statutes, requires that the Constitutional Officers submit an annual report to the Board of County Commissioners, within 31 days of the close of their fiscal year, reflecting the excess of revenues over expenditures or the unexpended budget balance as of the close of the fiscal year. In order to comply with the State Statute, it is the policy of the Constitutional Officers that the accounting records be held open several days after the close of their fiscal year in order that all receipts and expenditures applicable to the fiscal year can be recorded in the records. The financial statements prepared on a GAAP basis reflect any receipts or disbursements made after the close of the fiscal year as receivables or payables, as applicable.

NOTE 2 CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Supervisor's deposits may not be returned. All cash deposits are carried at cost and are in financial institutions whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

NOTE 2 CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

At September 30, 2015, the book balance of cash was \$14,144 and the bank balance was \$26,984. The Supervisor's bank balance is collateralized pursuant to Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution, a qualified public depository, all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Tangible personal property used in the Supervisor's operations is recorded as an expenditure in the Supervisor's general fund at the time of purchase. Purchased assets are capitalized at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements of the County. The Supervisor maintains custodial responsibility for these capital assets.

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year is as follows:

	Balance ctober 1, 2014	Additions Disposals			osals	Balance September 30, 2015		
Machinery and Equipment Total Capital Assets	\$ 189,379 189,379	\$	1,066 1,066	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	190,445 190,445	
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(60,056)	(30,809)				(90,865)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 129,323	\$ (29,743)	\$		\$	99,580	

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Essentially all regular employees of the Supervisor are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Supervisor employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Supervisor.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Supervisor's contributions made during the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were \$33,590, \$33,604 and \$18,855, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined required contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in the Hardee County comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 5 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The following is a summary of the changes in compensated absences obligations for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Ва	alance		Ва	lance	Due		
		tober 1,	Net	•	mber 30,	Within One		
	2014		 Change		015	Year		
Accrued Compensated Absences	\$	4,180	\$ (3,744)	\$	436	\$		

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued annual leave. See Note 1 for a summary of the Supervisor's compensated absences policy. Long term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Supervisor since they are not payable from spendable resources. Such liabilities and expenses are included in the government-wide financial statements of Hardee County, Florida.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners for the year ended September 30, 2015 were as follows:

Budget Appropriation – The General Fund of the Supervisor received revenue from the Board of County Commissioners in the amount of \$308,629 for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, including \$920 was due to the Board of County Commissioners at September 30, 2015. Furthermore, \$13,336 was paid to the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners for Health Insurance.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Supervisor participates in the risk management program through the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners under a local government risk management pool. The following types of risk are provided for under the risk management pool:

- Property and General Liability
- Automobile Liability
- Public Officials' Liability
- Workers' Compensation



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Chet Huddleston Supervisor of Elections Hardee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the general fund of the Hardee County Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Supervisor's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Supervisor's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Supervisor's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses Current Year and Prior Years, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses Current Year and Prior Years to be a material weakness as item 2015-001.



The Honorable Chet Huddleston Hardee County Supervisor of Elections

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses Current Year and Prior Years to be a significant deficiencies as item 2015-002.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Supervisor's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Supervisor's Response to Findings

The Supervisor's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses Current Year and Prior Years. The Supervisor's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP
CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 26, 2016



MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Chet Huddleston Supervisor of Elections Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Hardee County Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor), Florida as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and we have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2016.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports which are dated January 26, 2016 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. See the Schedule of Findings and Responses Current Year and Prior Years for the status of prior year findings.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 to the financial statements.



The Honorable Jeffery Ussery Hardee County Supervisor of Elections

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, the Supervisor and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 26, 2016

HARDEE COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES CURRENT YEAR AND PRIOR YEARS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Current Year Findings

Material Weakness

2015-001: Segregation of Duties.

Condition: The Supervisor of Elections hired a third party CPA who signed checks, prepared

bank reconciliations, and posted entries to the general ledger.

Criteria: Management is responsible for designing and implementing a proper review

process for transactions which will ensure proper support for transactions

recorded.

Cause: It was not evident that the Supervisor reviewed all checks, bank reconciliations,

journal entries, and supporting documentation. The Supervisor also resigned effective May 31, 2015 while a new Supervisor was not appointed by the

Governor until August 21, 2015.

Effect: General ledger accounts are subject to irregularities.

Recommendation: We recommend implementing a detailed supervisory review process for checks,

bank reconciliations, journal entries, and related supporting documentation.

Response: We concur and will work to ensure a review process is properly designed and

implemented.

HARDEE COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES CURRENT YEAR AND PRIOR YEARS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Significant Deficiency

2015-002: Duplicate Paychecks Issued and Overpayment of the Supervisor of

Elections.

Condition: Paychecks were paid twice in one pay period for all employees. Duplicate checks

amounted to \$798.01 for employees and \$1,153.37 for the Supervisor.

Criteria: Management is responsible for designing and implementing an internal control

structure that will provide a proper review process for transactions which will

ensure proper support for transactions recorded.

Cause: Paper checks were issued to these employees, but the direct deposit for the

period was not cancelled. No action was taken by the employees to remit the

additional funds disbursed.

Effect: There was a loss of funds by the Public Office as employees were overpaid. The

previous Supervisor of Elections was overpaid before resigning from the position.

The funds were not recuperated.

Recommendation: We recommend that payroll transactions are reviewed for erroneous

disbursements.

Response: We concur and will work to ensure a review process is properly designed and

implemented.

HARDEE COUNTY SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES CURRENT YEAR AND PRIOR YEARS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

			Current Y	ear Status	
Prior Years Findings		Cleared	Partially	Not	
		Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Reference
2014-001 - Improper Financial	Material				
Statement Closing Process	Weakness	X			N/A
2014-002 - Journal entries	Significant				
	Deficiency	X			N/A
2014-003 - Actual expenditures	Significant				
greater than budget	Deficiency	X			N/A
2014-004 - Accrual of vacation	Control				
time	Deficiency	X			2010-08
2013-001 - Journal entries and	Significant				
payroll checks	Deficiency	X			2014-002
2013-002 - Accrual of vacation	Control				
time	Deficiency	X			2014-004
2013-003 - Expenditures exceed	Control				
approved budget	Deficiency	X			N/A





INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Chet Huddleston Hardee County Supervisor of Elections Hardee County, Florida

We have examined the Hardee County Supervisor of Elections (the Supervisor), compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for the Supervisor's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Supervisor's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Supervisor's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Supervisor's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Supervisor complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Supervisor and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida January 26, 2016

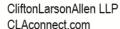
HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Arnold Lanier Hardee County Sheriff Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardee County Sheriff, Hardee County, Florida (the Sheriff) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardee County Sheriff, as of September 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and budgetary comparison thereof for the year ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the financial statements referred to above were prepared solely for the purpose of complying with the Rules of the Auditor General of the State of Florida. In conformity with the Rules, the accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position and changes in financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information, only for that portion of the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information, of Hardee County that is attributable to the Hardee County Sheriff. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Hardee County as of September 30, 2015, and the changes in its financial position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statement is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hardee County Sheriff's financial statements. The combining statements and schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2016 on our consideration of the Hardee County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Hardee County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida April 26, 2016

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Genera Fund		Other vernmental Funds Non-Major Funds)	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 923,1	139 \$	214,214	\$ 1,137,353
Prepaid Items	499,7	738	_	499,738
Total Assets	\$ 1,422,8	377 <u>\$</u>	214,214	\$ 1,637,091
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 22,3	318 \$	_	\$ 22,318
Accrued Liabilities	404,6		_	404,646
Due to the Board of County				
Commissioners	995,9	913	38,565	1,034,478
Total Liabilities	1,422,8	377	38,565	1,461,442
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	499,7	738	_	499,738
Restricted	,	-	175,649	175,649
Unassigned	(499,7	738)	-	(499,738)
Total Fund Balances			175,649	175,649
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,422,8	377 \$	214,214	\$ 1,637,091

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

		Other	
		Governmental Funds	Total
	General	(Non-Major	Governmental
	Fund	Funds)	Funds
REVENUES			
Appropriations from Board of			
County Commissioners	\$ 8,224,889	\$ -	\$ 8,224,889
Intergovernmental	47,651	279,978	327,629
Charges for Services	292,879	, -	292,879
Fines and Forfeitures	-	5,216	5,216
Interest and Miscellaneous	160,881	90,414	251,295
Total Revenues	8,726,300	375,608	9,101,908
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Public Safety:			
Salaries and Benefits	6,363,116	-	6,363,116
Operating Expenditures	1,420,518	189,483	1,610,001
Capital Outlay	231,196	140,102	371,298
Total Expenditures	8,014,830	329,585	8,344,415
EXCESS OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	711,470	46,023	757,493
OTHER FINANCING USES			
Transfers to Board of County			
Commissioners	(711,470)	-	(711,470)
Total Other Financing Uses	(711,470)		(711,470)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	46,023	46,023
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		129,626	129,626
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 175,649	\$ 175,649

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES	Original		Actual	(Negative)
Appropriations from Board of				
County Commissioners	\$ 8,153,605	\$ 8,153,605	\$ 8,224,889	\$ 71,284
Intergovernmental	φ 0, 100,000 -	ψ 0,100,000 -	47,651	47,651
Charges for Services	_	_	292,879	292,879
Interest and Miscellaneous	_	_	160,881	160,881
Total Revenues	8,153,605	8,153,605	8,726,300	572,695
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Public Safety:				
Salaries and Benefits	6,669,353	6,669,353	6,363,116	306,237
Operating Expenditures	1,284,252	1,284,252	1,420,518	(136, 266)
Capital outlay	200,000	200,000	231,196	(31,196)
Total Expenditures	8,153,605	8,153,605	8,014,830	138,775
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	-	711,470	711,470
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfer to the Board of County Commissioners			(711,470)	(711,470)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION ALL AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 63,375
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$ 63,375

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Sheriff conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of significant accounting principles and policies used in the preparation of these statements.

Reporting Entity

Hardee County, Florida is a political subdivision of the State of Florida. It is governed by an elected Board of County Commissioners (the Board) and an appointed County Administrator, as provided by Section 125.73 of the Florida Statutes. The County Administrator is responsible for the administration of all departments of which the Board has the authority to control pursuant to the general laws of Florida.

These financial statements are fund financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with the reporting guidelines established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and accounting practices prescribed by the Auditor General, State of Florida. The basic financial statements for the County as a whole, which includes the funds of the Sheriff, are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

The Hardee County Sheriff (Sheriff) is an elected official of Hardee County, Florida pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Florida, Article VIII, Section 1(d). The Sheriff is part of the primary government of Hardee County, Florida. The Sheriff is responsible for the administration and operation of the Sheriff's office. The Sheriff's financial statements include only the funds of the Sheriff's office. There are no separate legal entities (component units) for which the Sheriff is considered to be financially accountable.

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

These financial statements have been prepared for the purpose of complying with Section 218.39(2), Florida Statutes, and Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General – Local Governmental Entity Audits*, which allows the Sheriff to only present fund financial statements. These financial statements present only the portion of the funds of Hardee County, Florida that are attributable to the Sheriff. They are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of Hardee County, Florida in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The governmental funds are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, expenditures are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred and revenues are recorded when received in cash or when they are considered both measurable and available, and, as such, are susceptible to accrual.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus (Continued)

The County funds the majority of the operating budget of the Sheriff. The payments by the County to fund the operations of the Sheriff are recorded as expenditures for personal services, operating expenditures, and capital outlay in governmental type funds in the financial statements of the County, and as appropriations revenues in the basic financial statements of the Sheriff.

Budgetary Requirement – Expenditures are controlled by appropriations in accordance with the budget requirements set forth in the Florida Statues.

A budget is legally adopted for the general fund and is on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary control is at the expenditure classification level (personal services, operating expenditures, and capital outlay). Budgetary changes within expenditure classification are made at the discretion of the Sheriff. The budgeted revenues and expenditures in the accompanying financial statements reflect all approved amendments.

Refund of "excess fees" – Florida Statutes provide that the excess of the Sheriff's fee revenue over expenditures is to be distributed to each governmental agency in the same proportion as the fees paid by the governmental agency bear to total fee income of the office. The amount of the undistributed excess fees at the end of the fiscal year is reported as amounts due to the Board of County Commissioners.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the Sheriff are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The purposes of the Sheriff's funds are as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The general fund is the general operating fund of the Sheriff. It is used to account for all financial resources, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is always reported as a major fund.

Non-major Governmental Funds

Law Enforcement Trust Fund – The law enforcement trust fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for an assessment added to all fines and forfeitures. These monies can only be used for approved education and training of law enforcement, correctional, and administrative personnel. The education fund is not required to maintain a separate budget, therefore, a comparison of budget to actual revenues and expenditures is not presented in the financial statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Accounting (Continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (Continued)

E911 Fund – The E911 Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for proceeds received from 911 fees and grants related to providing E911 services within the County. Funding is provided to the Sheriff by the Florida Department of Management Services and is used to maintain the E911 system which assists Hardee County residents that are in need of law enforcement, fire, and emergency medical responders. The E911 fund is not required to maintain a separate budget; however, a budget was adopted for the current year. A comparison of budget to actual revenues and expenditures is not presented in the financial statements.

Commissary Fund – The commissary fund is a special revenue fund which accounts for the commissary operated in the County jail. Revenues are provided by sales of products such as phone cards, candy, toothpaste, etc. to the inmates. Profits from the commissary shall be used for overall inmate welfare. Expenses involved in the commissary operation, including compensation for commissary employees and gratuities for inmates who may assist such employees, may be paid from the profit. The commissary fund is not required to maintain a separate budget; therefore, a comparison of budget to actual revenues and expenditures is not presented in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds – The agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Sheriff as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Fund Balance and Spending Policies

In accordance with GASB Statement on *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, governments are required to classify fund balance in governmental funds as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. As of September 30, 2015 there was no fund balance in the General Fund and the remaining fund balance in the Education and Commissary Fund is appropriately classified as restricted. The nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

As the Sheriff is an elected official responsible for the activities of the Sheriff's office, he is the highest level of decision making authority and any official order from the Sheriff would be required to authorize commitment of fund balance. Also, the finance director has been given the authority to assign fund balance for a specific purpose.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance and Spending Policies (Continued)

The Sheriff has implemented fund balance and spending policies to clearly define the process for tracking the various classifications of fund balance. The policy states when an expenditure is incurred in which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available to be used, the Sheriff will first use restricted amounts, then committed amounts, then assigned amounts, and finally unassigned amounts.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay

Only the amounts of unpaid vacation and sick leave that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are accrued as current year expenditures. Total available vacation and sick leave hours are multiplied by the current pay rate to determine the accrued liability. Employees are charged for the last day of vacation or sick leave earned when the leave is used.

Employees earn annual leave at varying rates depending upon the length of service as follows:

Continuous Employment	<u>Annual Leave Earned</u>
1st Year	84 Hours
2nd – 4th Year	168 Hours
5th – 9th Year	192 Hours
10th – 14th Year	216 Hours
15th – 19th Year	264 Hours
20 Years Plus	288 Hours

Upon termination, employees can be paid for their unused vacation time.

Sick leave accumulates for employees at the rate of one day per calendar month and is cumulative. Upon retirement, employees can be paid for a portion of their unused sick leave based upon their length of employment as follows:

Length of Service	Percentage of Sick Leave
20 – 24 Years	25%
25 – 29 Years	37.5%
30 Years Plus	50%

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the fund financial statements is in conformity with accounting principles generally prescribed by the Auditor General, State of Florida, and requires management to make use of estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

Based on GASB Statement on Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, certain governmental entities are required to record actuarial accrued liabilities related to Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employees who retire from employment with the Sheriff with 20 or more years of service may participate in the County Group Health Plan on a single coverage basis upon written request of the retiring member to the Sheriff. This retirement benefit will conclude when the retiree reaches the eligible age to receive full Medicare benefits or obtains health insurance from any other provider. The OPEB Plan currently pays certain portions of healthcare insurance premiums of retirees based on years of service and other factors. The liabilities and expenses associated with the OPEB Plan are not included in the financial statements of the Sheriff. Such liabilities and expenses are included in the financial statements of Hardee County, Florida.

Other Significant Accounting Policies

Chapter 218, Florida Statutes, requires that the Constitutional Officers make an annual report to the Board of County Commissioners within 31 days of the close of their fiscal year, reflecting the excess of revenues over expenditures or the unexpended budget balance as of the close of the fiscal year. In order to comply with the State Statute, it is the policy of the Constitutional Officers that the accounting records be held open several days after the close of their fiscal year in order that all receipts and expenditures applicable to the fiscal year can be recorded in the records. The financial statements prepared on a GAAP basis reflect any receipts or disbursements made after the close of the fiscal year as receivables or payables, as applicable.

NOTE 2 CUSTODIAL CREDIT RISK

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Sheriff will not be able to recover the value of its deposits that are in the possession of an outside party.

At September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the Sheriff's deposits was \$1,200,728 and the bank balance was \$1,349,375. The Sheriff's bank balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for each banking relationship and the balances are collateralized pursuant Chapter 280, Florida Statutes. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution, a qualified public depository, all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Tangible personal property used in the Sheriff's operations is recorded as expenditure in the governmental fund types of the Sheriff at the time of purchase. Purchased assets with an initial cost greater than \$1,000 are capitalized at historical cost in the government-wide financial statements of the County, because ownership is vested in the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners as provided by the Florida Statutes. Donated and confiscated assets are recorded at fair market value at the time received. The Sheriff maintains record keeping and custodial responsibility for the capital assets.

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for which the Sheriff is custodian for the year ended September 30, 2015:

	Balance October 1, 2014	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Balance September 30, 2015
Machinery and Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 3,607,670 (2,629,378)	\$ 371,299 (339,945)	\$ (96,537) 95,545	\$ - -	\$ 3,882,432 (2,873,778)
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 978,292	\$ 31,354	\$ (992)	\$ -	\$ 1,008,654

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS

Background

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Sheriff are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' Web site (www.dms.myflorida.com).

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

- Regular Class Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.
- Elected County Officers Class Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.
- Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) Members in senior management level positions.
- Special Risk Class Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at 6 years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at 8 years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to 4 years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants.

DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 5 highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the 8 highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits.

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3 percent per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3 percent determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3 percent. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of FRS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

Benefits Provided

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

Detailed information about the County's proportionate share of HIS's net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense are reported in the government-wide statements of the County.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

FRS Investment Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Sheriff employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.04 percent of payroll and by forfeited benefits of plan members.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to 5 years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the 5-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the 5-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Sheriff.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan, or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

NOTE 4 PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Participating employer contributions are based upon statewide rates established by the State of Florida. The Sheriff's contributions made to the plans during the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$773,223, \$716,111, and \$567,487, respectively, equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for each year.

Additional information about pension plans can be found in Hardee County's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE 5 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The following is a summary of the changes in compensated absences for the year ended September 30, 2015:

E	Balance				Balance		Due
O	,	Net		-		*	
	2014	Additions		2015		One Year	
\$	260,536	\$	33,979	\$	294,515	\$	2,921
	_	Balance October 1, 2014 \$ 260,536	October 1, 2014 Ac	October 1, Net 2014 Additions	October 1, Net Sep 2014 Additions	October 1, Net September 30, 2014 Additions 2015	October 1, Net September 30, Net September 30, Or

Accrued compensated absences represent the vested portion of accrued vacation and sick leave. See Note 1 for a summary of the Sheriff's compensated absences policy. The long term liabilities are not reported in the financial statements of the Sheriff since they are not payable from spendable resources. They are reported in the financial statements of Hardee County.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

Transactions with the Hardee County Board of County Commissioners for the year ended September 30, 2015 were as follows:

Budget Appropriation - The General Fund of the Sheriff received revenue from the Board of County Commissioners in the amount of \$8,224,889 for the year ended September 30, 2015. At September 30, 2015, \$1,034,478 was due to the Board of County Commissioners from the General and E911 Funds of the Sheriff.

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Sheriff participates in the Florida Sheriff's Self-Insurance Fund and the Sheriff's Automobile Risk Program, which are public entity risk pools that permit the Sheriff to cover the following types of risks:

- Professional Liability
- Public Officials' Liability
- Automobile Physical Damage and Liability
- Money and Securities Coverage
- Flash Roll Money
- Miscellaneous Personal Property
- Public Employee's Blanket Bond

The funding agreements provide that the self-insurance funds will be self-sustaining through member premiums and that the Sheriff's liability fund will reinsure through commercial companies. Aggregate coverage provided by the liability fund is \$10,000,000 for professional liability and \$10,000,000 for public officials' coverage. Coverage limits for automobile risk are \$300,000 for bodily injury and \$100,000 for property damage.

The Sheriff provides for workers' compensation coverage under a retrospectively rated commercial insurance policy. Premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost to-date of the Sheriff's experience for this type of risk.

NOTE 8 CONTINGENCIES

The Sheriff is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. In the opinion of management, the ultimate disposition of these lawsuits and claims should not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Sheriff.



HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND DESCRIPTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes. Following are descriptions of each special revenue fund.

Commissary Fund – The commissary fund accounts for the commissary operated in the County jail. Revenues are provided by sales of products such as phone cards, candy, toothpaste, etc. to the inmates. Profits from the commissary shall be used for overall inmate welfare. Expenses involved in the commissary operation, including compensation for commissary employees and gratuities for inmates who may assist such employees, may be paid from the profit. The commissary fund is not required to maintain a separate budget.

Law Enforcement Trust Fund – The Law Enforcement Trust Fund accounts for proceeds received pursuant to Florida Statute 932.7055 and are used for law enforcement related purposes as defined in the statute. The law enforcement trust fund is not required to maintain a separate budget.

E911 Fund – The E911 Fund accounts for proceeds received from 911 fees and grants related to providing E911 services within the County. The E911 fund is a special revenue fund for which accounts for the 911 system operated in the County. Funding is provided to the Sheriff by the Florida Department of Management Services and is used to maintain the E911 system which assists Hardee County residents that are in need of law enforcement, fire, and emergency medical responders. The E911 fund is not required to maintain a separate budget; however, a budget was adopted for the current year.

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

								Total All
				Law			Ν	on-Major
	Co	mmissary	Enf	orcement	E-911		Governmental	
		Fund	Trust Fund		Fund		Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	135,529	\$	40,120	\$	38,565	\$	214,214
Total Assets	\$	135,529	\$	40,120	\$	38,565	\$	214,214
Liabilities								
Due to the Board of County								
Commissioners	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,565	\$	38,565
Total Liabilities		-		-		38,565		38,565
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for Education		-		40,120		-		40,120
Restricted for Inmate Welfare		135,529		-		-		135,529
Total Fund Balances		135,529		40,120				175,649
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	135,529	\$	40,120	\$	38,565	\$	214,214

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	J			Law Enforcement E-911 Trust Fund Fund				Total All Non-Major Governmental Funds		
REVENUES							-			
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	279,978	\$	279,978		
Fines and Forfeitures		-		5,216		-		5,216		
Miscellaneous		90,165		249				90,414		
Total Revenues		90,165		5,465		279,978		375,608		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Public Safety:		40 607				120.076		100 100		
Operating Expenditures		49,607		-		139,876		189,483		
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	-	49,607				140,102 279,978		140,102 329,585		
Total Experiultures		49,007				219,910		329,363		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURÉS		40,558		5,465		-		46,023		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		94,971		34,655				129,626		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	135,529	\$	40,120	\$		\$	175,649		

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – AGENCY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

	spense Fund	Collec Fu	ctions nd	vidence Fund	nmate Fund	outh und	lower und	F	g Task orce und	 Total
ASSETS Cash	\$ 1,396	\$		\$ 40,629	\$ 9,720	\$ 8,177	\$ 2,751	\$	702	\$ 63,375
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals	\$ 1,396	\$		\$ 40,629	\$ 9,720	\$ 8,177	\$ 2,751	\$	702	\$ 63,375

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION – AGENCY FUNDS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

SUSPENSE ASSETS Cash S 734 S 68,155 S (67,493) S 1,396		Balance October 1, 2014		In	creases	(D	ecreases)	Balance September 30, 2015	
Cash Same Same	SUSPENSE						,		
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals S 734 S 68,165 S (67,493) S 1,396		•	70.4	•	00.455	•	(07.400)	•	4.000
Due to Individuals		\$	734	<u> </u>	68,155	<u> </u>	(67,493)	<u>\$</u>	1,396
ASSETS Cash LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$		\$	734	\$	68,155	\$	(67,493)	\$	1,396
Cash LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ - 1,2,530 \$ (12,530) \$ - 2,530 EVIDENCE ASSETS Cash \$ 41,816 \$ 16,558 \$ (17,745) \$ 40,629 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 12,284 \$ 786,607 \$ (789,171) \$ 9,720 EVIDENCE ASSETS \$ 12,284 \$ 786,607 \$ (789,171) \$ 9,720 FOUTH ASSETS Cash \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 Cash \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 Cash \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 Cash \$ 3,715 \$ 2 \$ 8,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 Cash \$ 3,715 \$ 2 \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 3,715 \$ 2 \$ (964) \$ 2,751 Cash \$ 5,269	COLLECTIONS								
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals S									
Due to Individuals		\$	-	\$	12,530	\$	(12,530)	\$	-
ASSETS S 41,816 S 16,558 S (17,745) S 40,629 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals S 41,816 S 16,558 S (17,745) S 40,629 INMATE		\$	-	\$	12,530	\$	(12,530)	\$	-
Cash	EVIDENCE								
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 41,816 \$ 16,558 \$ (17,745) \$ 40,629 INMATE		•	44.040	•	40.550	_	(4==4=)	•	40.000
Due to Individuals		\$	41,816	\$	16,558	\$	(17,745)	\$	40,629
ASSETS S 12,284 S 786,607 S (789,171) S 9,720 LIABILITIES S 12,284 S 786,607 S (789,171) S 9,720 YOUTH ASSETS S S S S S S S S S		\$	41,816	\$	16,558	\$	(17,745)	\$	40,629
ASSETS S 12,284 S 786,607 S (789,171) S 9,720 LIABILITIES S 12,284 S 786,607 S (789,171) S 9,720 YOUTH ASSETS S S S S S S S S S	INMATE	•							
LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 12,284 \$ 786,607 \$ (789,171) \$ 9,720 YOUTH ASSETS Cash \$ 9,177 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 FLOWER ASSETS Cash \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 DRUG TASK FORCE ASSETS \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Cash \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES									
Due to Individuals \$ 12,284 \$ 786,607 \$ (789,171) \$ 9,720 YOUTH ASSETS Cash \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 FLOWER ASSETS Cash \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 Cash \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375	Cash	\$	12,284	\$	786,607	\$	(789,171)	\$	9,720
YOUTH ASSETS \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 FLOWER ASSETS Cash \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Cash \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES \$ 1,000									
ASSETS \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 FLOWER ASSETS \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 DRUG TASK FORCE ASSETS \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375	Due to Individuals	\$	12,284	\$	786,607	\$	(789,171)	\$	9,720
Cash \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 9,177 \$ 145 \$ (1,145) \$ 8,177 FLOWER ASSETS Cash \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 DRUG TASK FORCE ASSETS Cash \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Cash \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Cash \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375	YOUTH								
LIABILITIES 9,177 145 145 145 8,177 FLOWER ASSETS 3,715 - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 Cash \$ 3,715 - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 3,715 - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 DRUG TASK FORCE ASSETS Cash \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES									
Due to Individuals		\$	9,177	\$	145	\$	(1,145)	\$	8,177
FLOWER ASSETS Cash \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 DRUG TASK FORCE ASSETS Cash \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Cash \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES		\$	9 177	\$	145	\$	(1 145)	s	8 177
ASSETS Cash \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 DRUG TASK FORCE ASSETS Cash \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES		<u> </u>	0,111	<u> </u>		Ť	(1,110)	<u> </u>	0,111
Cash \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 DRUG TASK FORCE ASSETS \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 Cash \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES									
LIABILITIES \$ 3,715 \$ - \$ (964) \$ 2,751 DRUG TASK FORCE ASSETS Cash \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES		\$	3.715	\$	_	\$	(964)	\$	2.751
DRUG TASK FORCE ASSETS \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 ASSETS \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES		<u> </u>	0,1.10	<u> </u>		Ť	(00.)	<u> </u>	
ASSETS Cash \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS Cash \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES	Due to Individuals	\$	3,715	\$		\$	(964)	\$	2,751
Cash \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 LIABILITIES \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES	DRUG TASK FORCE								
LIABILITIES \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES									
Due to Individuals \$ 5,269 \$ 3,108 \$ (7,675) \$ 702 TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS ASSETS \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES		\$	5,269	\$	3,108	\$	(7,675)	\$	702
ASSETS Cash \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES		\$	5,269	\$	3,108	\$	(7,675)	\$	702
Cash \$ 72,995 \$ 887,103 \$ (896,723) \$ 63,375 LIABILITIES	TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS								
LIABILITIES									
		\$	72,995	\$	887,103	\$	(896,723)	\$	63,375
		\$	72,995	_\$_	887,103	_\$	(896,723)	\$	63,375





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON ANAUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Arnold Lanier Hardee County Sheriff Hardee County, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hardee County Sheriff, Hardee County, Florida (the Sheriff) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hardee County Sheriff's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Hardee County Sheriff's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hardee County Sheriff's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hardee County Sheriff's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses current year and prior years, we identified deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Sheriff's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in finding 2015-01 of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses Current Year and Prior Years to be a material weakness.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hardee County Sheriff's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Hardee County Sheriff's Response to Findings

The Hardee County Sheriff's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses Current Year and Prior Years. The Hardee County Sheriff's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sheriff's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Sheriff's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida April 26, 2016





MANAGEMENT LETTER

The Honorable Arnold Lanier Hardee County Sheriff Hardee County, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Hardee County Sheriff, Hardee County, Florida (the Sheriff) as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015, and we have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2016.

Auditors' Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 10.550 Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reports and Schedule

We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Schedule of Findings and Responses; and Independent Accountants' Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, Section 601, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated April 26, 2016, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1.,Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. Corrective action has been taken to address the finding and recommendation made in the preceding annual financial audit report for item 2014-01. See the Schedule of Findings and Responses, Current Year and Prior Years.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. See Note 1 in the notes to the financial statements.

The Honorable Arnold Lanier Hardee County Sheriff

Other Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Sheriff and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We wish to take this opportunity to thank you and your staff for the cooperation and courtesies extended to us during the course of our audit. Please let us know if you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, our accompanying reports, or other matters.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida April 26, 2016

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES CURRENT YEAR AND PRIOR YEARS SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Current Year Findings

Material Weakness

2015-001: MATERIAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT ADJUSTMENTS

Criteria: Adjustments for accounts payable, payroll tax liability, prepaid assets, excess

fees, and payroll expenses were not posted in the general ledger during the

close out process at year-end.

Condition: Our audit procedures disclosed material audit adjustments that were necessary

in order for the financial statements to be in accordance with U.S. generally

accepted accounting principles.

Cause: Improper reporting of transactions.

Effect: Accounts payable, net assets, and expense balances were materially misstated.

Recommendation: Develop a year end closing procedure to calculate and record all adjustments

necessary in order for the financial statements to be in accordance with U.S.

generally accepted accounting principles.

Response: We concur.

HARDEE COUNTY SHERIFF SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES CURRENT YEAR AND PRIOR YEARS (CONTINUED) SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

Prior Year Findings

Material Weakness

2014-001: INADEQUATE SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Criteria: Management is required to have a system of internal control over accounting and

financial reporting in place that will allow management in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. Such controls should be designed to segregate

duties.

Condition: The duties within the accounting function are not adequately segregated.

Currently, the bookkeeper initiates, prepares and disburses checks and also prepares the bank deposits and bank reconciliations. In addition, the bookkeeper has signature authority on bank accounts. We also noted the bookkeeper

initiates, prepares and reviews journal entries.

Cause: Duties within the accounting function are not adequately segregated.

Effect: General ledger accounts are subject to irregularities.

Recommendation: Segregate the duties within the accounting department.

Status: This comment has been cleared by management.

	Current Year Status								
Prior Years Findings	Cleared	Partially	Not						
		Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Reference				
2014-001 - Inadequate	Material								
Segregation of Duties	Weakness	X			2009-001				
2013-001 - Inadequate	Material								
Segregation of Duties	Weakness	X			2009-001				
2013-002 - Material Financial	Material								
Statement Adjustments	Weakness	X			2009-003				
2013-003 - Transfer of E911	Material								
Capital Assets	Weakness	Х			2013-003				

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Honorable Arnold Lanier Hardee County Sheriff Hardee County, Florida

We have examined the Hardee County Sheriff, Hardee County, Florida (the Sheriff)'s compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2015. Management is responsible for the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Sheriff's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Sheriff's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Sheriff's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Sheriff complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended September 30, 2015.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Sheriff and the Auditor General, State of Florida, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

ton Larson Allen LLP

Lakeland, Florida April 26, 2016